

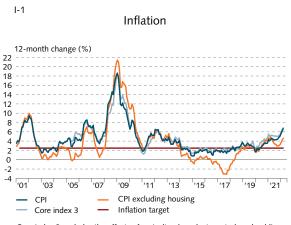


# ECONOMIC INDICATORS

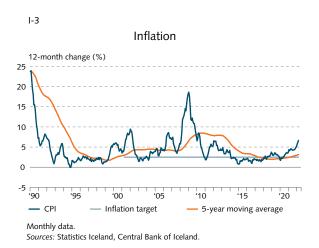
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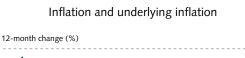
# I Inflation and inflation expectations



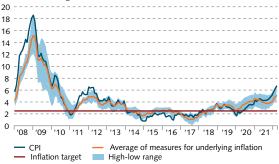
Core index 3 excludes the effects of agricultural products, petrol, and public services, as well as real mortgage interest expense. Monthly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



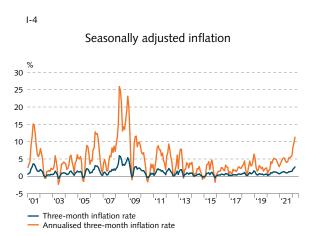
Source: Statistics Iceland.



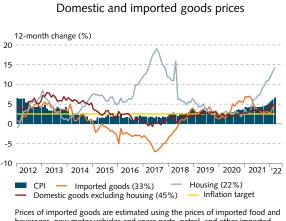
I-2



Underlying inflation is measured using core inflation (inflation excluding the effects of indirect taxes, certain groceries, petrol, public services, and the effect of changes in real interest rates on the housing component of the CPI) and various statistical measures (weighted median, trimmed mean, a dynamic factor model, and the common component of the CPI). *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

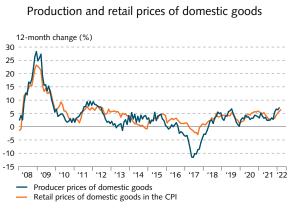


This inflation measurement is very volatile but indicates how inflation pressures are developing. Monthly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland. Central Bank of Iceland.



Prices of imported goods are estimated using the prices of imported rood and beverages, new motor vehicles and spare parts, petrol, and other imported goods. Prices of domestic goods are estimated using the prices of domestic goods and private and public services. The figures in parentheses show the current weight of these items in the CPI. Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

I-6



#### Monthly data.

1-9

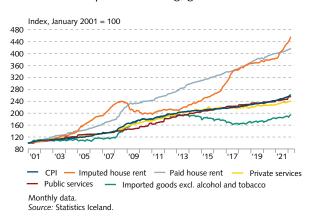
I-11

I-7

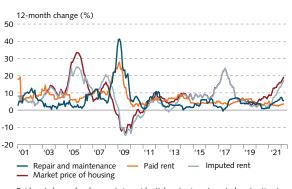
Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

I-8

Price developments: housing, goods and services



Price developments: housing



Paid rent shows developments in residential rent prices. Imputed rent estimates the cost of living in owner-occupied housing and changes with housing market values and real mortgage interest rates. Monthly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.



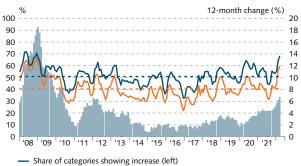
Monthly data. Source: Statistics Iceland.

Price developments: various components



I-12

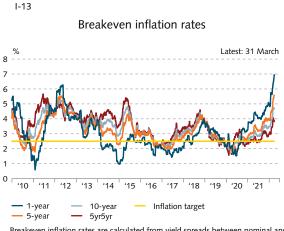
#### Distribution of price increases in the CPI



Share of categories showing increase by more than 2.5% on an annual basis (left) CPI (right)

The share of goods categories that rise in price is a 3-month average. Broken lines show averages for the period. Monthly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

I-10



Breakeven inflation rates are calculated from yield spreads between nominal and index-linked Government and Government-guaranteed bonds (5-day moving averages). Daily data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

Long-term inflation expectations of

businesses, households, and market agents

2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

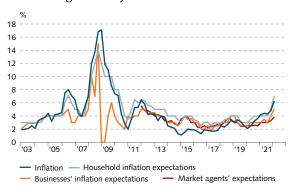
 Households - 5 years ahead — Businesses - 5 years ahead
Inflation expectations according to surveys carried out by Gallup and the Central Bank. Respondents are asked about average inflation 5/10 years

ahead and median figures are used. Quarterly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Market agents - 5 years ahead — Market agents - 10 years ahead

I-14

Inflation expectations of businesses, households, and market agents one year ahead and current inflation



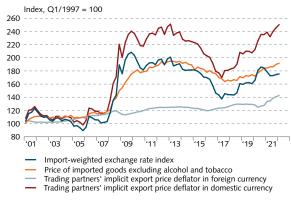
Inflation expectations according to surveys carried out by Gallup and the Central Bank. Respondents are asked about inflation 12 months ahead and median figures are used. Businesses' inflation expectations were measured on an irregular basis before Q3/2006 so until then measurements are interpolated. Quarterly data.

Sources: Gallup, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

I-16

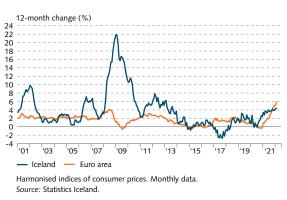
I-18

#### Import price levels and exchange rate developments



Import-weighted exchange rate index and price of imported goods excluding alcohol and tobacco in the CPI. Trading partners' implicit export price deflator is weighted using the import weights from the narrow trade-weighted basket and its latest value is based on the Bank's most recent baseline forecast. Quarterly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



I-17

I-15

%

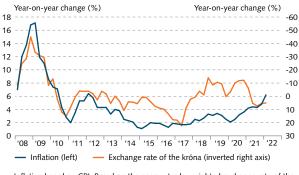
6

5

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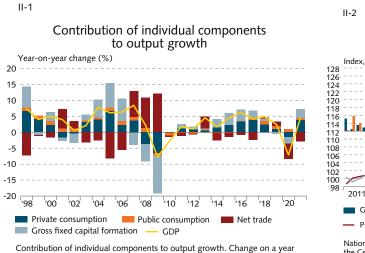
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#### Inflation and exchange rate of the króna



Inflation based on CPI. Based on the narrow trade-weighted exchange rate of the króna. Quarterly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

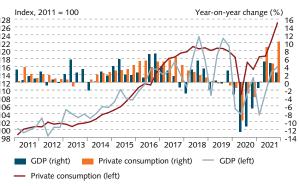
#### Inflation in Iceland and Europe



earlier. Annual data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

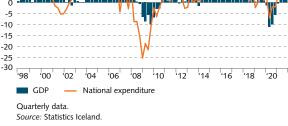
11-4

GDP and private consumption per capita



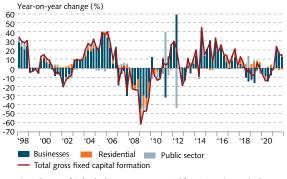
National accounts figures are seasonally adjusted. GDP seasonally adjusted by the Central Bank. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

II-3 Output growth and national expenditure Year-on-year change (%) 25 20 15 10 5 0



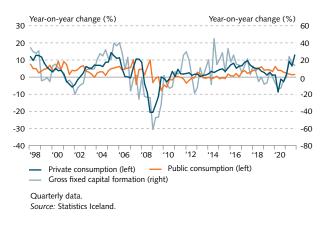
II-5

Gross fixed capital formation



Contribution of individual items to gross capital formation. Quarterly data. Source: Statistics Iceland.

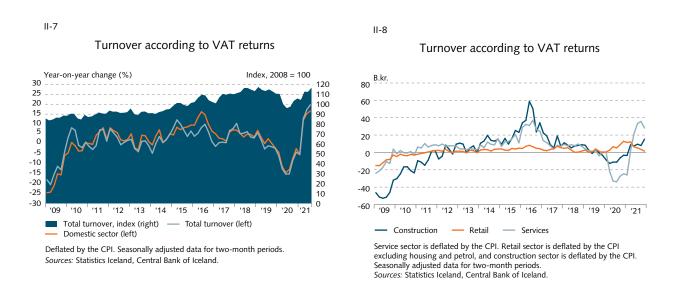
#### Private consumption, public consumption and gross fixed capital formation



II-6

#### Foreign trade



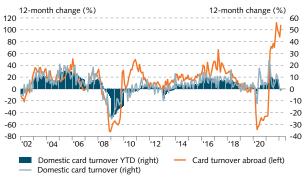


II-10

II-12

II-9

#### Payment card turnover



Debit and credit cards issued in Iceland. Card turnover deflated with the CPI excluding housing. Turnover abroad is deflated with the exchange rate index. Monthly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

II-11

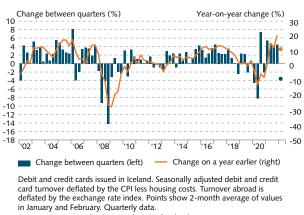
#### Household payment card turnover



Debit and credit cards issued in Iceland. Domestic card turnover is deflated with the CPI excluding housing. Foreign turnover is deflated with the import-weighted exchange rate index. Based on latest monthly prices and exchange rates. Monthly data.

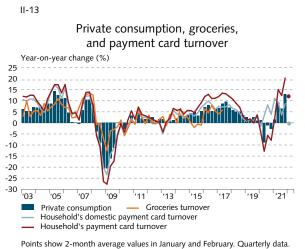
Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Total household payment card turnover



Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.





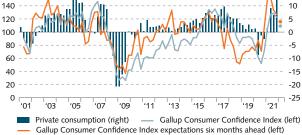
Sources: Icelandic Centre for Retail Studies, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

II-15

Inde 180 - - -

160

Private consumption and Gallup Consumer Confidence Index x Year-on-year change (%)

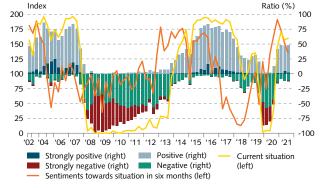


The Gallup Consumer Confidence Index is a measure of general consumers' sentiment towards the economy and the labour market. Quarterly data. Points show 2-month average of values in January and February. *Sources:* Gallup, Statistics Iceland.

Corporation expectations towards

the economic situation and outlook

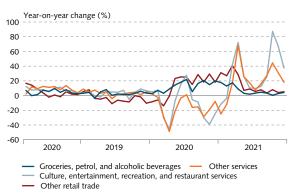
II-17



The Business sentiment indices are based upon Gallup's survey of the largest companies in lceland, conducted 4 times a year. The columns show the sentiments towards the current situation of the economy. *Source:* Gallup.

#### II-14

Domestic retail payment intermediation, by category



Domestic payment cards. Monthly data. Source: Icelandic Centre for Retail Studies

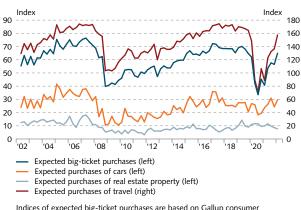
II-16

II-18

20

15

#### Indices of expected big-ticket purchases

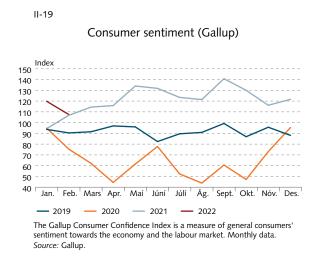


Indices of expected big-ticket purchases are based on Gallup consumer sentiment survey. The index for expected big-ticket purchases is an average of the other three indices. Quarterly data. *Source*: Gallup.

Consumer sentiment (Gallup)

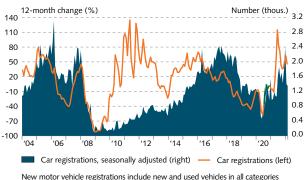
Index Ratio (%) 180 80 160 60 140 40 120 20 100 0 80 -20 60 -40 40 -60 20 -80 0 -100 ·01 <sup>'</sup>03 '05 <sup>'</sup>07 '09 . '11 . '13 '15 . '17 '19 '21 Negative about current economic situation (right) Positive about current economic situation (right) Expectations 6 months ahead (left) Consumer Confidence Index (left) Current economic situation (left) The Gallup Consumer Confidence Index is a measure of general consumers'

The Gallup Consumer Confidence Index is a measure of general consumer sentiment towards the economy and the labour market. Monthly data. *Source*: Gallup.



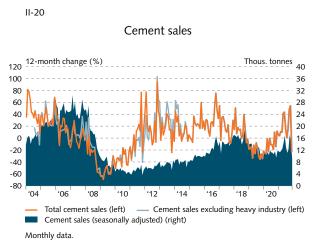
II-21

#### New registration of motor vehicles



(passenger cars, motor coaches and delivery and transport vehicles). 3-month average. Monthly data Sources: The Icelandic Transport Authority, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of

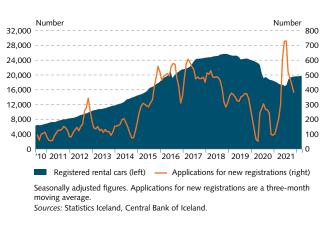
Iceland.



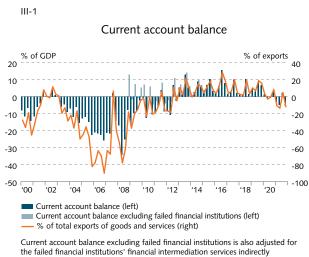
Sources: Aalborg Portland hf., Sementsverksmiðjan hf., Central Bank of Iceland.

II-22

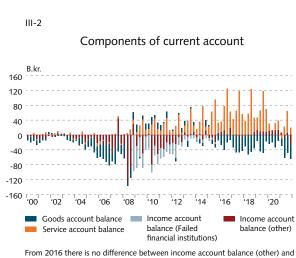




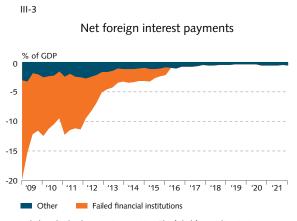
# III Foreign trade and external economic conditions



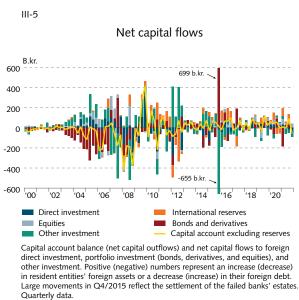
measured (FISIM). From 2016 there is no difference between these figures and official figures for current account balance. Quarterly data Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



income account balance total, because the share of failed financial institutions was wound up year-end 2015. Net current transfers are included in primary income. Quarterly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland



Including dividends on equity securities. The failed financial institutions were wound up at the end of 2015; therefore, their share is zero from 2016 onwards Quarterly data. *Sources*: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



Source: Central Bank of Iceland

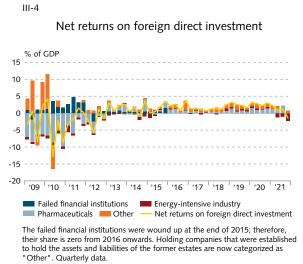
III-7

Net international investment position



Based on underlying position from 2008 through end-2015; i.e., adjusted for the effects of setting the failed banks' estates and assuming equal distribution of assets to general creditors. At the end of 2015, the estates of the failed financial institutions reached composition agreements entailing the write-off of a large portion of their debt. As a result, there was no difference between the NIIP and the underlying NIIP. Quarterly data.

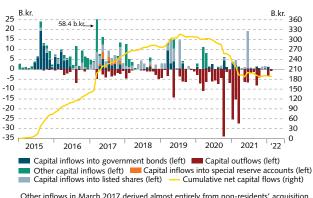
Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



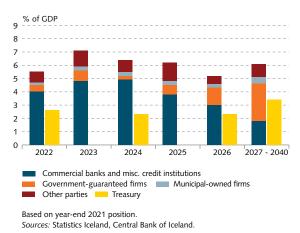
Capital flows due to registered new investment

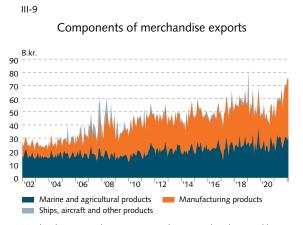


Other inflows in March 2017 derived almost entirely from non-residents' acquisition of a holding in a domestic commercial bank. Monthly data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.

III-8

#### Repayment profile of long-term foreign debt





Merchandise export values at constant exchange rates based on monthly average export-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). Monthly data.

Main export products

'11

'09

'15

Aluminium and ferrosilicon products

'17

'13

'21

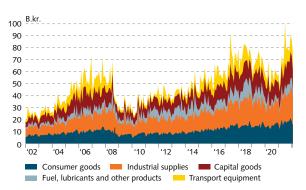
'19

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

Year-on-year volume change (%)

III-10

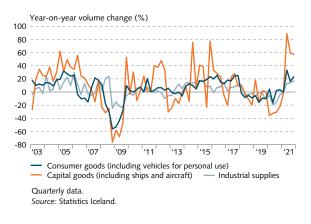
Components of merchandise imports



Merchandise import values at constant exchange rates based on import-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). Monthly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

III-12

#### Main import products



III-14

#### Imported consumer goods



Non-durable consumer goods are disposable items such as tobacco and pharmaceuticals. Semi-durables are products that are neither disposable nor durable, such as clothing. Consumer durables are products with a long life-time, such as household appliances. Quarterly data. *Source*: Statistics Iceland.



III-11

100

80

60

40

20

0

-20

-40

'03

'05

Quarterly data

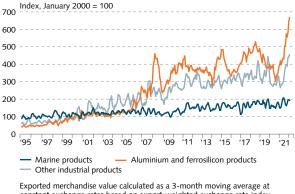
Marine products

Source: Statistics Iceland

'07

Other manufacturing products

Merchandise exports by category



Constant exchange rates based on export-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

# III Foreign trade and external economic conditions



Exported merchandise value calculated as a 3-month moving average at constant exchange rates based on export-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

Merchandise imports and exports

Exports, 12-month moving average
Imports, 12-month moving average

Exchange rate used consists of monthly averages of the broad trade-weighted

|||-17

40

20

0

-20

-40

-60

<sup>'00'</sup> '02 '04 '06 '08 '10 '12 '14 '16 '18 '20

12-month change (%)

index. Monthly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

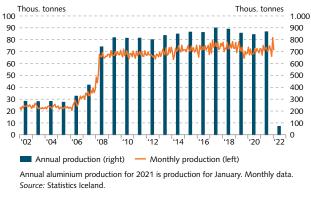


constant exchange rates based on export-weighted exchange rate index (broad trade basket). The index of foreign price levels is calculated by weighting together the consumer price indices in main trading partner countries using a currency basket. Monthly data. Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland

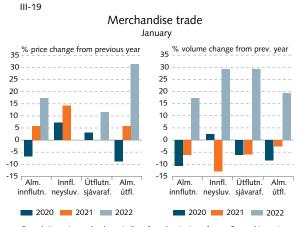
III-18

111-20

Aluminium production

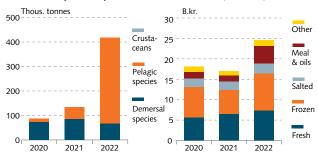






Cumulative price and volume indices from beginning of year. General imports are total imports excluding ships, aircraft, and sundry items (residual). General exports are total exports excluding ships, aircraft, and sundry items (residual). Monthly data.

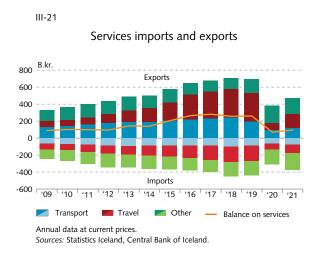
#### Catch volume and export value of marine products January-February January-February



Cumulative catch volume from beginning of year. Cumulative value of marine exports from beginning of year; nominal fob value. Monthly data Sources: Directorate of Fisheries, Statistics Iceland,

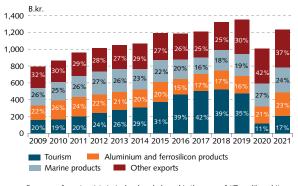
Source: Statistics Iceland

# III Foreign trade and external economic conditions



III-22

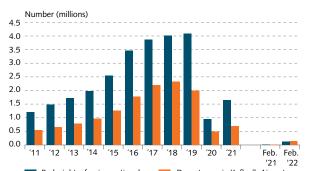
Goods and services exports



Revenues from tourists in Iceland and abroad is the sum of "Travel" and Item 1.2.1, "Passenger transport by air". Annual data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

III-23

Foreign tourists and hotel bed-nights

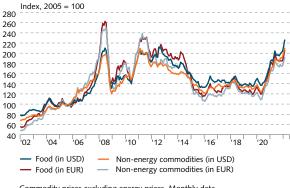


Bed-nights, foreign nationals Departures via Keflavík Airport

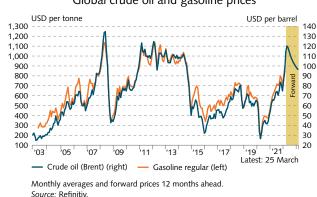
Cumulative monthly figures for departures are for January-February but figures for bed-nights are for January. Annual and cumulative monthly figures. *Sources:* Icelandic Tourist Board, Isavia, Statistics Iceland.

#### III-25

Commodity prices in international markets



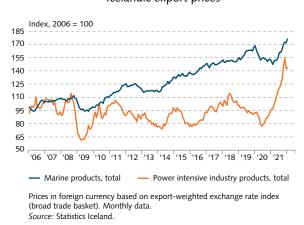
Commodity prices excluding energy prices. Monthly data. *Sources:* Refinitiv Datastream, World Bank.



III-26

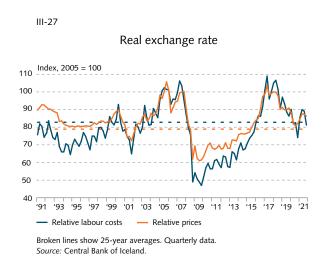
III-24

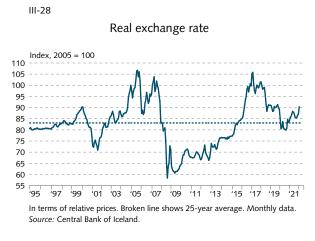
Icelandic export prices



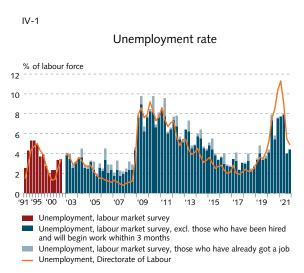
Global crude oil and gasoline prices

# III Foreign trade and external economic conditions



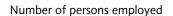


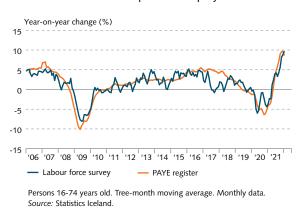
# IV Labour market and wages



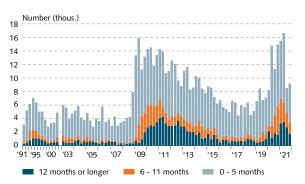
Until 2003, the Statistics Iceland labour market survey included only one week in April and one week in November; however, since Jan. 2003, it has been continuous and the results published quarterly. As a result, figures from Jan. 2003 and thereafter are not entirely comparable with earlier figures. Unemployment from the Directorate of Labour excludes persons on the partial unemployment programme from the beginning of year-2020. Quarterly data. Sources: Directorate of Labour, Statistics Iceland.

IV-3





Unemployment by duration

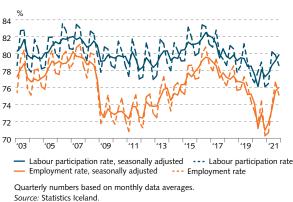


Until 2003, the Statistics Iceland labour market survey included only one week in April and one week in November; however, since January 2003, it has been continuous and the results published quarterly. As a result, figures from January 2003 and thereafter are not entirely comparable with earlier figures. Quarterly data.

Source: Statistics Iceland.

IV-4

IV-2



# Labour participation rate and employment rate

# IV Labour market and wages

#### IV-5

IV-9

Employment and hours worked for employed persons

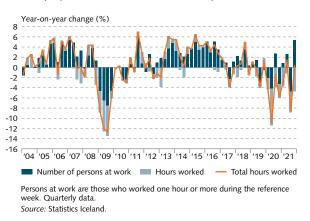


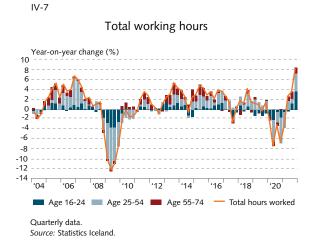
week or were absent from work that they were hired to carry out. Quarterly numbers based on monthly data averages. Source: Statistics Iceland.

#### IV-6

IV-8

Employment and hours worked for persons at work



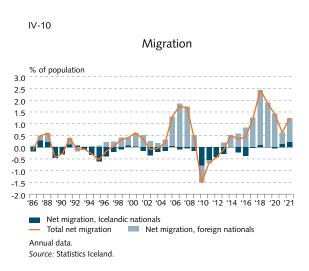


Total working hours



Increase in unemployment shows as a negative contribution to an increase in total working hours. Quarterly numbers based on monthly data averages. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

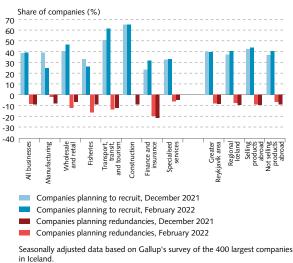
Job vacancies Year-on-year change (thousands) 6 2 Q1 Q4 Q2 Q3 Q4 Q1 Q2 Q3 2021 2020 2020 2020 2020 2021 2021 2021 Quarterly data Source: Statistics Iceland.



# IV Labour market and wages

IV-11

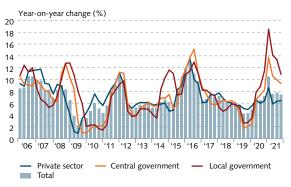
Companies planning to change staffing levels during the next 6 months



Sources: Gallup, Central Bank of Iceland.



#### Wage changes by sector

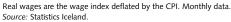


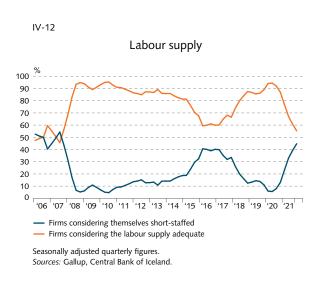
Until 2016 the quarterly wage index for the private sector is based on NACE Rev. 1.1. From 2016 and onwards the quarterly wage index for the private sector is based on NACE Rev. 2.0. Also, additional economic activities have been added Quarterly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland



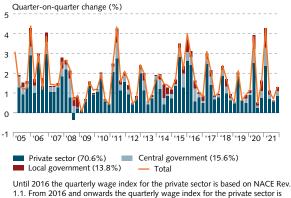






IV-14

Sectoral contribution to wage growth

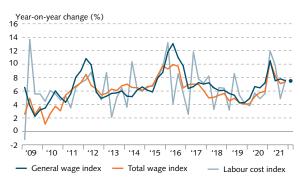


1.1. From 2016 and onwards the quarterly wage index for the private sector is based on NACE Rev. 2.0. Also, additional economic activities have been added. The figures in parentheses show the weight of these items in the wage index. Quarterly data

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland,

#### IV-16

#### Wage indices



Total labour cost excluding irregular bonuses per hour. Sectors are defined according to ISAT 95 classification system. The dot shows figures based on January-February averages. Quarterly data. Sources: Eurostat, Statistics Iceland.

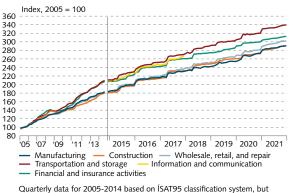
3.0

1.5

0.0

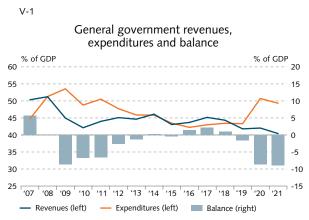
#### IV-17

Private sector wage index by selected sectors



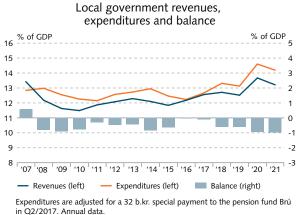
Quartery data for 2005-2014 based on ISA195 classification system, but monthly data from beginning of 2015 onwards based on ISAT2008 classification system. Due to changes in classification and sampling the data are not fully comparable between these periods. *Source*: Statistics leand

# V Public finances



Treasury revenues are adjusted for 384.3 b.kr. stability contributions in Q1/2016. Treasury expenditures are adjusted for 105.1 b.kr. special payment to LSR A-division in Q4/2016. Municipal expenditures are adjusted for a 32 b.kr. special payment to the pension fund Brú in Q2/2017. Annual data. *Source*: Statistics lceland.

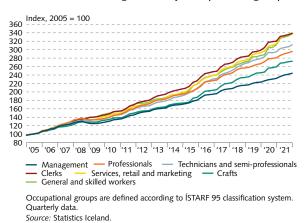
#### V-3



Source: Statistics Iceland.

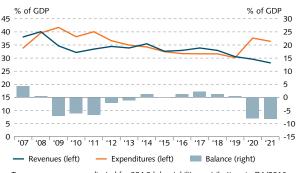
#### IV-18

Private sector wage index by occupational group

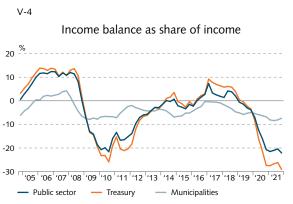


V-2

#### Treasury revenues, expenditures and balance

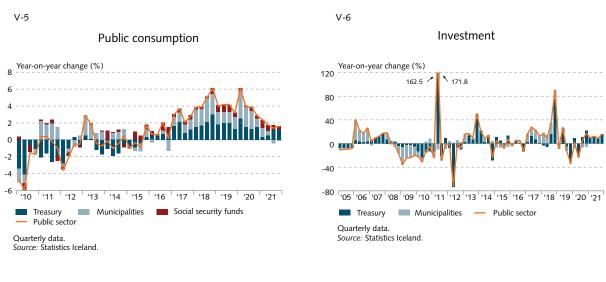


Treasury revenues are adjusted for 384.3 b.kr. stability contributions in Q1/2016. Treasury expenditures are adjusted for 105.1 b.kr. special payment to LSR A-division in Q4/2016. Annual data. Source: Statistics Iceland.



Treasury revenues are adjusted for stability contributions. Treasury expenditures are adjusted for transfers due to the Central Bank and LSR A-division and local government expenditures are adjusted for special payment to the pension fund Brú. Four quarter moving average. Quarterly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

# V Public finances



V-7



Direct taxes are adjusted for 384.3 b.kr. stability contributions in Q1/2016. Four quarter moving averages, deflated by the CPI. Quarterly data. *Source:* Statistics Iceland.

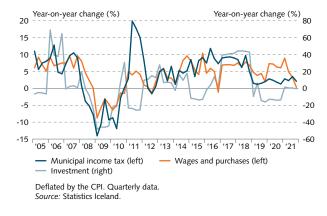
Year-on-year change (%) Year-on-year change (%) 120 90 100 75 80 60 60 45 40 30 20 15 0 0 -20 -15 -40 -30 -60 -45 -80 -60 '05 '06 '07 '08 '09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21

Treasury expenditures by type

Transfers (left) — Public consumption (right) — Investment (right)
Four quarter moving averages, deflated by the CPI. Quarterly data.
Source: Statistics Iceland.

V-9

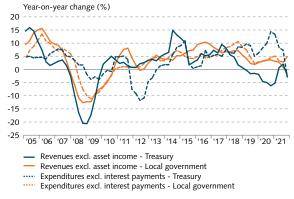
Local government revenues and expenditures



V-10

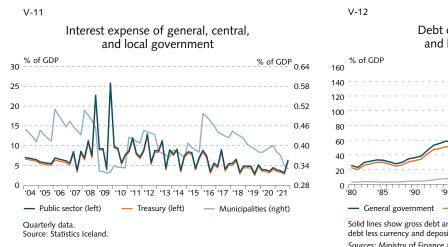
V-8

#### Treasury and local government revenues and expenditures



Treasury revenues are adjusted for stability contributions. Treasury expenditures are adjusted for transfers due to the Central Bank and LSR A-division and local government expenditures are adjusted for special payment to the pension fund Brú. Four quarter moving averages, deflated by the CPI. Quarterly data. *Source*: Statistics leeland.

#### Public finances V



Debt of general, central, and local government . 95 'òó 65 '<u>1</u>0 ʻ15 20 Central government Local government Solid lines show gross debt and broken lines show net debt. Net debt is gross debt less currency and deposits. Annual data Sources: Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

V-14

% of GDP

100

90

80

70

60

50

40

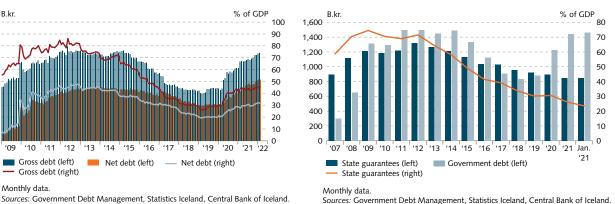
30

20

10

0

State guarantees and gross debt



Sources: Government Debt Management, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

# VI Asset markets

Gross debt (left)

Monthly data.

Gross debt (right)

VI-1

V-13

B.kr.

2,000

1.800

1,600

1,400

1,200

1,000

800

600

400

200

0

'09 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21 '22

Housing market prices and activity in greater Reykjavík

Central government debt

Net debt (left)

- Net debt (right)



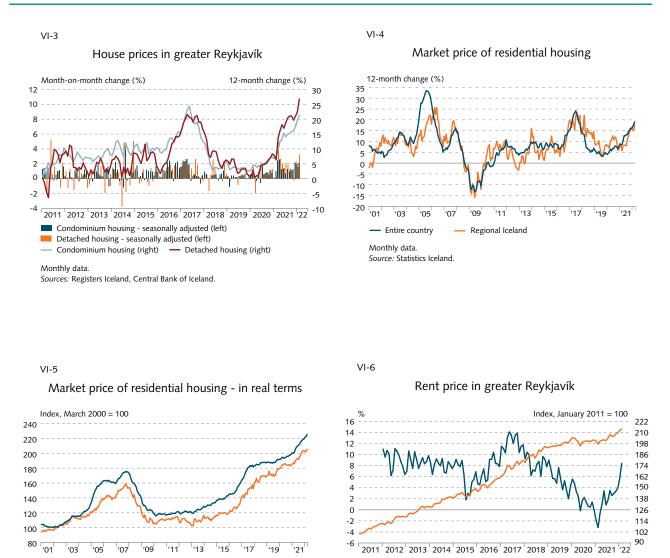
Number of purchase agreements on the date of purchase. Monthly data. Sources: Registers Iceland, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

#### VI-2

#### Housing market prices in greater Reykjavík



The Housing market price index shows changes to weighted average of prices per sq.m. Monthly data. Sources: Registers Iceland, Statistics Iceland

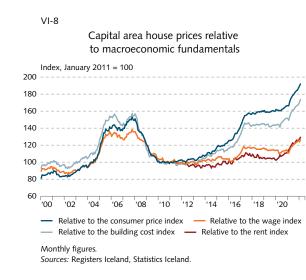


— Entire country • Monthly data. Source: Statistics Iceland.

Source: Registers Iceland

Monthly data.

12-month change (left)

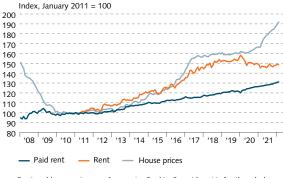


Rent price (right)

VI-7

Rent, house prices, and paid rent in real terms

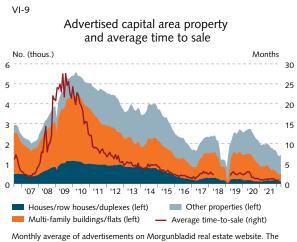
Regional Iceland



Rent and house prices are for greater Reykjavík, paid rent is for the whole country. Monthly data. Sources: Registers Iceland, Statistics Iceland.

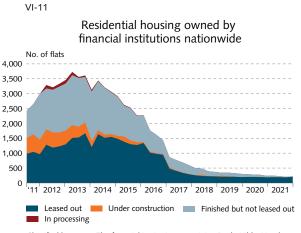
20

# VI Asset markets



count is carried out by property code so as to avoid a repeat count of the same property. Monthly seasonally adjusted turnover is according to the number of officially registered purchase agreements. The average time to sale is the length of time (in months) that it takes to sell advertised property divided by the turnover for the month in question. From May 2018 through March 2019 there was an error in the data; therefore, the average time-to-sale is not calculated for that period.

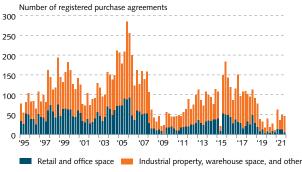
Sources: Morgunbladid Real Estate Website (mbl.is), Registers Iceland.



Classified by status. The financial institutions are: Arion Bank, Hilda, Hömlur, Islandsbanki, Housing Financing Fund, Klettur, Landey, and Kvika Bank. Quarterly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VI-13

#### Commercial real estate market activity

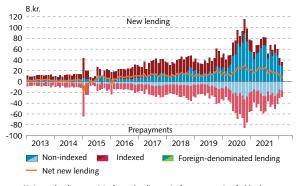


Before June 2006, the total is based on the date of purchase. From June 2006 onwards, it is based on the date the purchase agreement was registered. Quarterly data.

Sources: Registers Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

#### VI-10

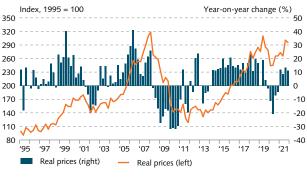
New DMB, pension funds, and HFF mortgage lending to households and prepayments of older loans



Net new lending consist of new lending net of prepayments of older loans. Figures for new mortgage lending of pension funds are from September 2015. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

VI-12

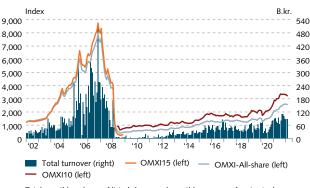
Commercial property real prices in greater Reykjavík



Weighted average of industrial, retail, and office housing. Data are subject to uncertainty due to sparsity and divergence of measurements. Latest figures are preliminary. Quarterly data. *Sources:* Registers Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

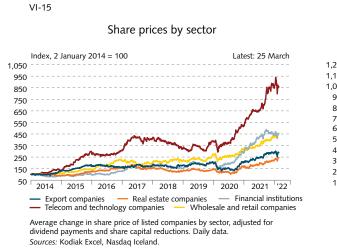
VI-14

#### Equity market



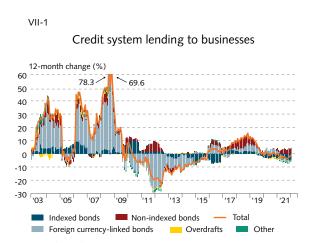
Total monthly volume of listed shares and monthly average of main stock indices. Source: Nasdag Iceland.

## VI Asset markets



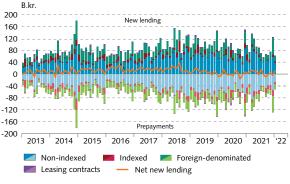
#### VI-16 Bond indices Index, 2 January 1998 = 100 Latest: 25 March 1,200 1,100 1.000 900 800 700 600 500 400 300 200 100 '05 '15 '17 '19 '21 '09 '11 '13 '03 '07 Indexed, 5-years Indexed, 10-years Nominal, 1-year - Nominal, 3-months Nominal, 5-years Indices are Nasdaq Iceland's calculations of yields on fixed-maturity bonds. Dailv data. Source: Nasdag Iceland

VII Households and businesses



Stock of loans from DMBs, the HFF and other credit institutions, pension funds, insurance companies, and State credit funds. Contribution of individual components to lending growth. Loans are assessed at claim value. The category labelled "other" includes bills of exchange, redeemed guarantees, and asset financing agreements. Changes have been made to loan classification during the period shown. The data are therefore not fully comparable within the period. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-3

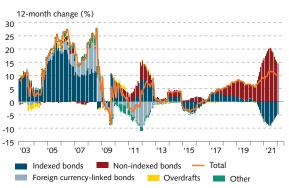


Net new lending from DMBs and HFF to firms

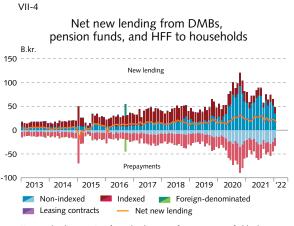
Net new lending consists of new lending net of prepayments of older loans. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.





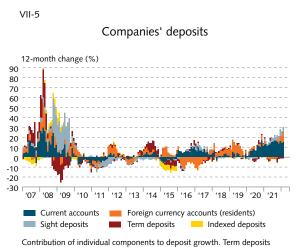


Stock of loans from DMBs, the HFF and other credit institutions, pension funds, insurance companies, and State credit funds. Contribution of individual components to lending growth. Loans are assessed at claim value. The category labelled "other" includes bills of exchange, redeemed guarantees, and asset financing agreements. Changes have been made to loan classification during the period shown. The data are therefore not fully comparable within the period. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



Net new lending consist of new lending net of prepayments of older loans. Figures new lending of pension funds are from September 2015. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

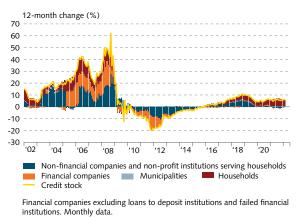
# VII Households and businesses



include money market accounts and other non-sight deposits. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-7

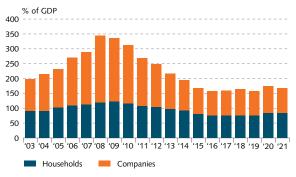
Credit system lending to resident borrowers



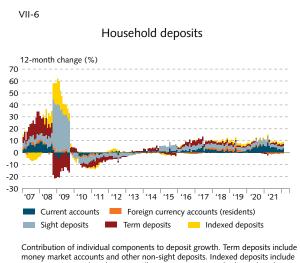
Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-9

Household and non-financial corporate debt



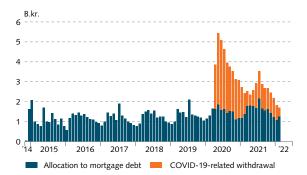
Debt owed to financial undertakings and market bonds issued. Companies excl. financial institutions (which includes holding companies). Annual data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



money market accounts and other non-sight deposits. Indexed deposits include pension savings, indexed vacation allowance accounts, and other indexed savings Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-8

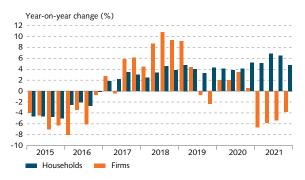
#### Third-pillar pension savings withdrawals



Tax-free allocation of third-pillar pension savings to mortgage loans has been authorised since 1 July 2014. A temporary authorisation for third-pillar pension savings withdrawals because of COVID-19 is in effect from 1 April 2020 until 1 January 2022. Monthly figures. Source: Iceland Revenue and Customs.

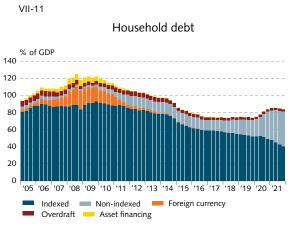
VII-10

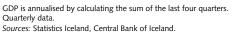
#### Real credit growth to households and firms

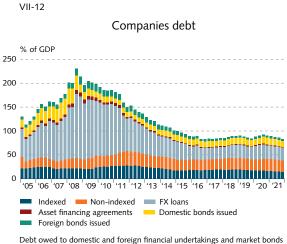


Year-on-year change in total credit to households and non-financial firms, excluding holding companies, deflated with the consumer price index. Claim value. Quarterly data. *Sources:* Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

# VII Households and businesses







Debt owed to domestic and foreign financial undertakings and market bonds issued. GDP is annualised by calculating the sum of the last four quarters. Quarterly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

VII-14

VII-13 Personal bankruptcies Number % 600 0.30 500 0.25 400 0.20 0.15 300 200 0.10 100 0.05 0.00 0 <sup>'</sup>00 10 20 '02 04 06 '08 12 14 16 18 Personal bankruptcies, males (left) Personal bankruptcies, females (left) Personal bankruptcies relative to total population over age 18 (right)

Total for entire year.

Sources: Judicial Administration, Statistics Iceland.

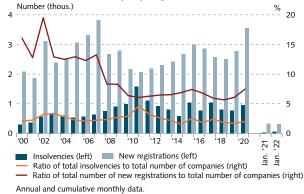
VII-15



Companies insolvencies and

Sources: Registers Iceland, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

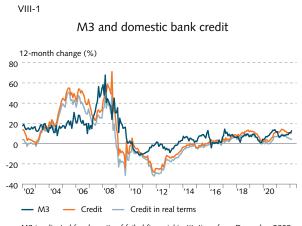
# Corporate insolvencies and new company registrations



Source: Statistics Iceland.

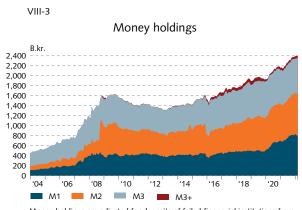
#### 15

## VIII Financial markets



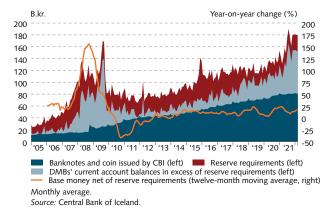
M3 is adjusted for deposits of failed financial institutions from December 2008 onwards. Loans are assessed at claim value. The series "credit in real terms" represents loans deflated by the CPI. Changes have been made to loan classification during the period shown. The data are therefore not fully comparable within the period. Further information can be found on the monetary statistics pages of the Central Bank website. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data.

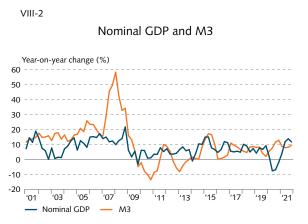
Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



Money holdings are adjusted for deposits of failed finanacial institutions from December 2008 onwards. Most recent figures are preliminary. Monthly data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.

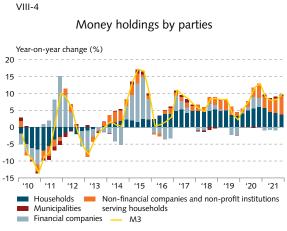
VIII-5 Components of Central Bank base money (M0)



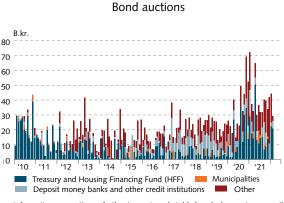


M3 is adjusted for deposits of failed financial institutions from December 2008 onwards. Quarterly data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



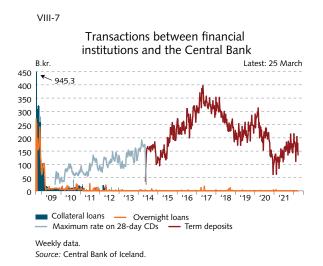
M3 is adjusted for deposits of failed financial institutions. Quarterly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



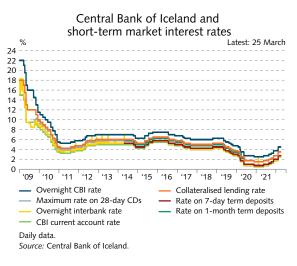
Information on auctions of other issuers' marketable bonds does not necessarily include all of their issued bonds. Monthly data. *Sources:* Icelandic Securities Depository, Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-6

## **VIII Financial markets**

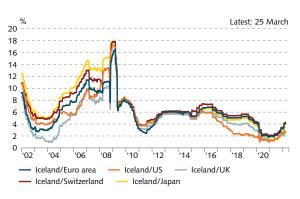


VIII-9

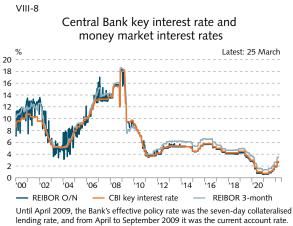


VIII-11

Short-term interest rate differential



3-month interbank rates. Weekly data. Source: Refinitiv Datastream.



lending rate, and from April to September 2009 it was the current account rate. From September 2009 to May 2014, the effective policy rate was the average of the current account rate and the maximum rate on 28-day CDs. From May 2014, the effective rate is the Bank's seven day term deposit rate. Weekly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



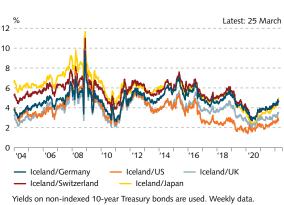
VIII-12

#### Central Bank of Iceland real interest rates



— Inflation — Breakeven inflation rate ▲ Household inflation expectations
▲ Businesses' inflation expectation
▲ Market inflation expectations

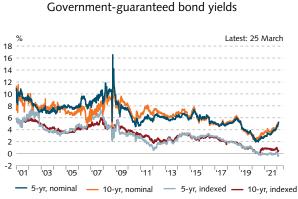
According to 12-month inflation and 1-year inflation expectations. Real interest rates according to breakeven inflation rate on Treasury notes are calculated based on Treasury note (RIKB 13 0517) and Treasury bond (RIKS 15 1001) yields until June 2004, and on the difference between the nominal and indexed yield curves onwards (monthly average). Until April 2009, the Bank's effective policy rate was the seven-day collateralised lending rate, and from April to September 2009 it was the current account rate. From September 2009 to May 2014, the effective policy rate was the average of the current account rate and the maximum rate on 28-day CDs. From May 2014, the effective rate is the Bank's seven day term deposit rate. Monthly data. *Sources:* Gallup, Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



Long-term interest rate differential

Yields on non-indexed 10-year Treasury bonds are used. Weekly data Source: Refinitiv Datastream.

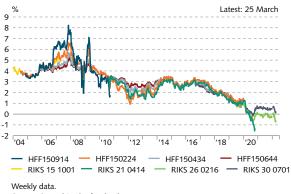
#### VIII-13



Based on the zero-coupon yield curve, estimated with the Nelson-Siegel method, using money market interest rates and Government-guaranteed bonds. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.

#### VIII-15

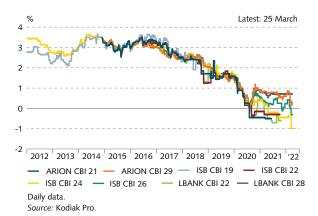
Yields on indexed Treasury and HFF bonds

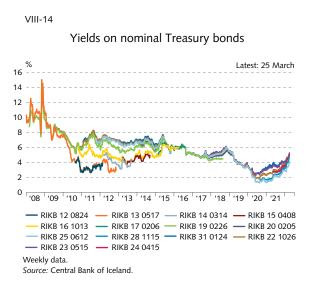


Source: Central Bank of Iceland

VIII-17

#### Yields on DMB indexed covered bonds

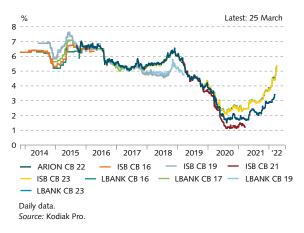


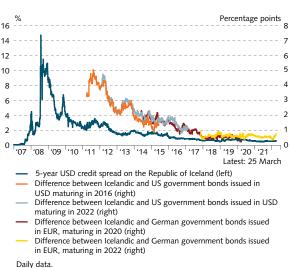


VIII-16

VIII-18

#### Yields on DMB nominal covered bonds

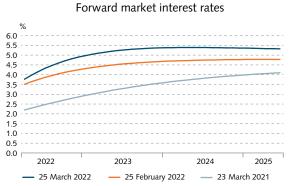




Sources: Bloomberg, Refinitiv Datastream.

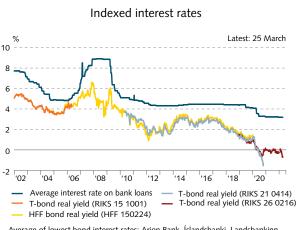
#### Risk premia on the Icelandic Treasury

VIII-19



The Central Bank's key interest rate and Treasury bond yields were used to estimate the yield curve, using the Nelson-Siegel method. The valuation is subject to some uncertainty because of the small number of Treasury notes underlying the calculations Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

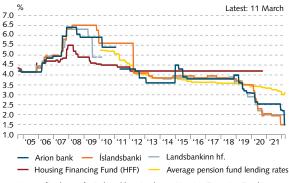
VIII-21



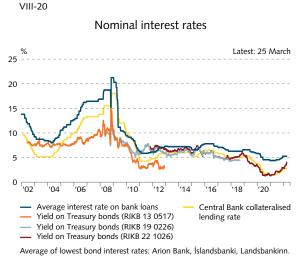
Average of lowest bond interest rates: Arion Bank, Íslandsbanki, Landsbankinn. Weekly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-23

Interest rates on indexed housing loans



Lowest fixed rates for indexed housing loans. Housing Financing Fund interest rates are indexed housing loan rates with prepayment penalty for December 2005 onwards, and without prepayment before that time. Average pension fund lending rates is the average of the lending rates charged by Almenni, Festa, Frjálsi, Gildi, Lifsverk, LSR, The pension fund of commerce, Stapi, and Söfnunarsjóður lífeyrisréttinda. 10-day data except for pension fund data, which are monthly. Sources: Housing Financing Fund, Central Bank of Iceland.

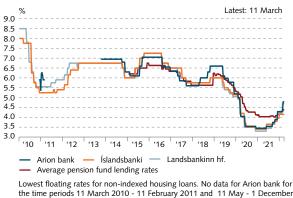


Weekly data

Source: Central Bank of Iceland.



#### Interest rates on nominal housing loans



Lowest hoating rates for hon-indexed hoating loans. No data for Ahon bank for the time periods 11 March 2010 - 11 February 2011 and 11 May - 1 December 2013. Average pension fund lending rates is the average of the lending rates charged by Gildi, Lifsverk and LSR. 10-day data except for pension fund data, which are monthly. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-24

#### % Latest: 25 March 10 9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 '02 '04 '06 '08 '10 '12 '14 '16 '18 '20 Average indexed lending rates Spread between indexed lending and deposit rates Average 5-yr indexed deposit rates

Average interest rates: Arion Bank, Íslandsbanki, Landsbankinn. Weekly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland

#### Banks' indexed lending and deposit rates

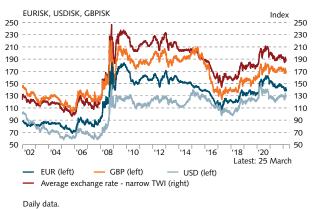
VIII-25

Nominal and real effective exchange rate of the króna



VIII-26 Exchange rate





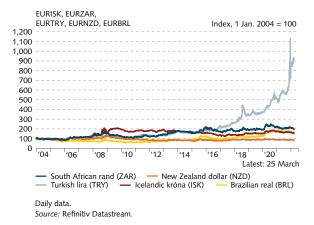
Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-27

Monthly data

Source: Central Bank of Iceland

Exchange rate of the euro against other currencies



...

VIII-28

Non-residents' króna assets

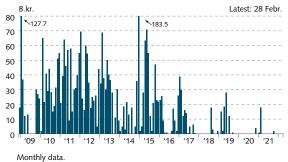


Sources: Icelandic Securities Depository, Central Bank of Iceland.

VIII-29 Equity market turnover B.kr Latest: 28 Febr 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 '10 '11 '12 '13 '14 '15 '16 '17 '18 '19 '20 '21 Monthly data. Source: Nasdaq Iceland.

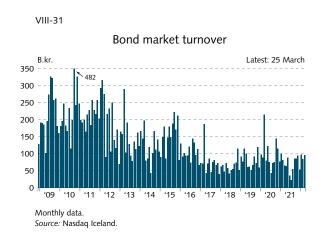
#### VIII-30

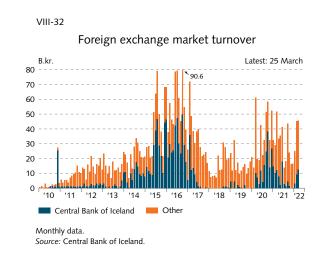
#### Turnover on the interbank market for krónur



Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

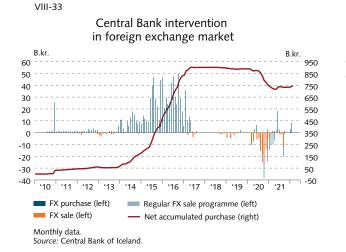
## **VIII Financial markets**



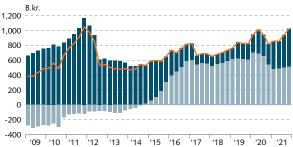


VIII-34

IX-2



Central Bank of Iceland foreign exchange reserves

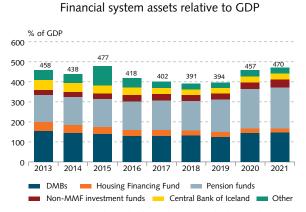


CBI and Treasury foreign denominated debt
Reserves financed in ISK
FX reserves - total

Reserves financed in ISK are foreign exchange reserves net of Central Bank and Treasury foreign-denominated debt. Quarterly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

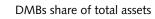
# IX The financial system

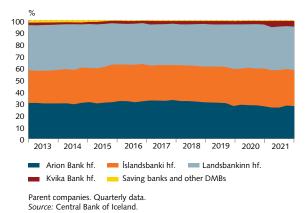
IX-1

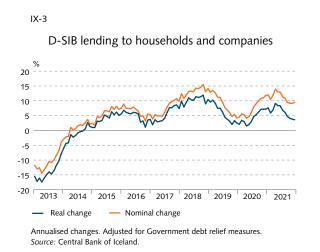


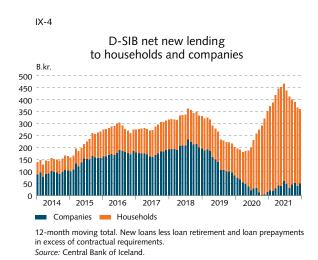
Parent companies. Other: Failed financial institutions that have undergone composition are included with other financial institutions as of the time their composition agreements were approved. The Central Bank of Iceland Holding Company ehf. (ESI) is also included with other financial institutions from its establishment in December 2009 until its dissolution in February 2019. The Housing Financing Fund (HFF) merged with the Iceland Construction Authority on 1 January 2020. HFF assets 2020 and 2021 are the assets of the IL Fund, which took over the processing of the HFF's assets and liabilities at the beginning of 2020. Annual data.

Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.



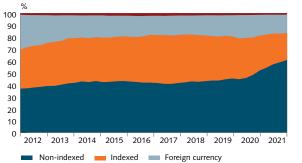






IX-6

D-SIB lending classified by borrower



DMB distribution of loans by type

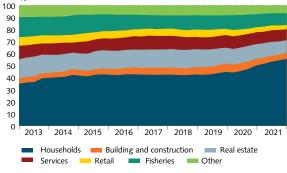
Asset financing agreements

IX-5

Parent companies. Loans by each type as a share of total lending to households and operating companies. Foreign currency loans include exchange rate-linked loans. Quarterly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

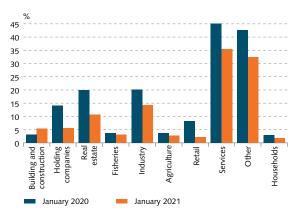
IX-7 D-SIB default ratios

Parent companies, book value. EBA definition for non-performing loans used from 2018 onwards (red). According to the cross-default method, all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. Annual data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.



Loans to each sector as a share of total lending to households and operating companies. Quarterly data. *Source:* Central Bank of Iceland.

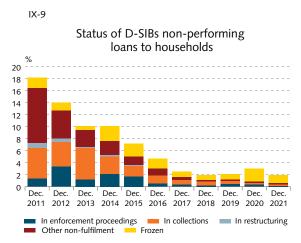
ource: Central Bank of IG



Parent companies, book value. Non-performing loans according to the crossdefault method, according to which all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

#### IX-8

#### D-SIB non-performing loan ratios



Parent companies, book value. Non-performing loans according to the crossdefault method, according to which all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

Commercial bank's capital adequacy ratios

'14 '15 '16 '17

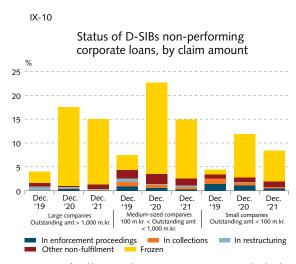
Landsbankinn hf.

Kvika Bank hf.

Consolidated figures. Capital base as % of risk-weighted base. CAR for MP

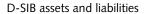
'18

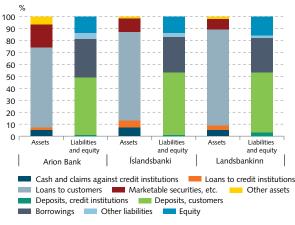
'19 '20 '21



Percentage of total loans in each size category. Parent companies, book value. Non-performing loans according to the cross-default method, according to which all of a borrower's loans are considered non-performing if one loan is frozen or in arrears by 90 days or more, or if the borrower is deemed unlikely to pay their obligations when due. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

IX-12



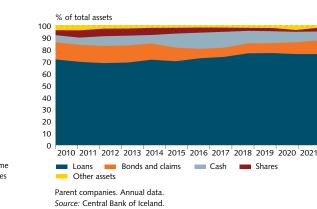


Consolidated figures. End of Q4 2021.

Sources: Commercial banks' financial statements, Central Bank of Iceland.

**D-SIB** assets

IX-14





IX-11

35

30

25

20

15

10

5

0

'09 '10 '11 '12

Arion Bank hf.

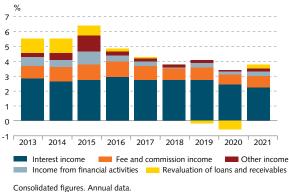
Íslandsbanki hf.

'13

Bank until end of year 2014. Annual data.

Sources: Commercial banks' financial statements.

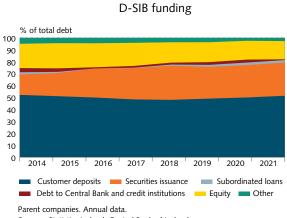
Ratio of D-SIB operating income to total assets



Sources: Commercial banks' financial statements, Central Bank of Iceland

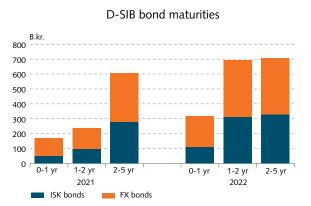
#### 32

IX-15



Sources: Statistics Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

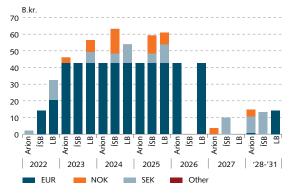
IX-17



Instalments and interest. Parent companies figures. As of end-January each year. Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

IX-19

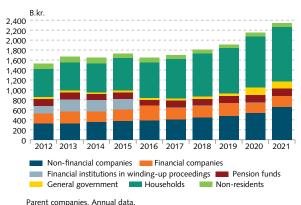
D-SIB foreign bonds by maturity and currency



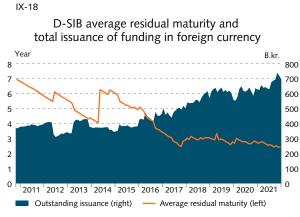
At 28 February 2022 exchange rate. Not included in the chart is AT1 issuance from Arion Bank and Íslandsbanki. *Source:* Nasdaq Iceland.

IX-16

D-SIB depositors



Source: Central Bank of Iceland.



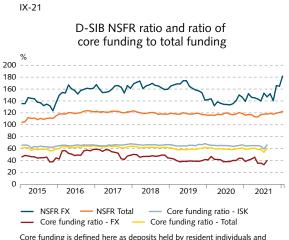
Monthly data.

IX-20

Sources: Nasdaq Iceland, Central Bank of Iceland.

Spread 400 350 300 250 200 150 100 50 0 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 Landsbankinn - 2024 Landsbankinn - 2023 Landsbankinn - 2022 Íslandsbanki - 2024 Íslandsbanki - 2023 Arion Bank - 2024 Arion Bank - 2023 Arion Bank - 2021 Spread on Euro benchmark curve. Daily data. Source: Refinitiv Datastream.

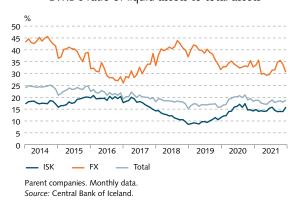
D-SIB spread on listed foreign bonds, EUR



Core funding is defined here as deposits held by resident individuals and non-financial companies (excluding pension funds), plus capital, subordinated loans, and issued negotiable securities with a residual maturity of more than three years. According to Central Bank rules on stable funding, the Bank also monitors the NSFR for all currencies combined. New NSFR rules were implemented in June 2021. Monthly data. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.

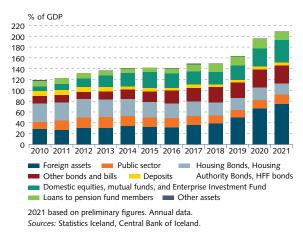


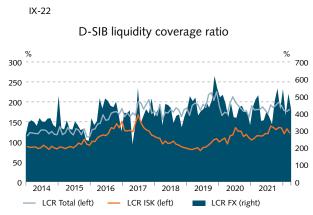
DMB's ratio of liquid assets to total assets



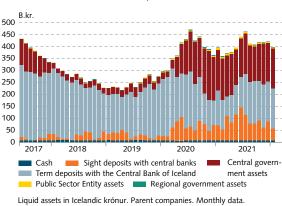


Pension funds' distribution of assets





Consolidated figures. Monthly data. Source: Central Bank of Iceland



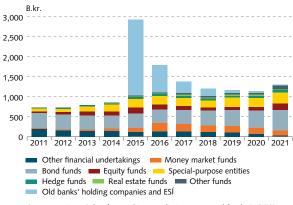
**D-SIB** liquid assets

Source: Central Bank of Iceland.

IX-26

IX-24

#### Size of other financial intermediaries



Constant prices. Other financial intermediaries are mutual funds (UCITS), investment funds, and institutional investment funds; special purpose vehicles, securities companies, brokers, and miscellaneous credit institutions. Annual data. September data for 2021. *Source*: Central Bank of Iceland.



# ECONOMIC INDICATORS 2022 1