

# PÓRISVATN GEOLOGICAL REPORT

Supplement to Volume II

## THE VATNSFELL DIVERSION NOTES ON GEOLOGY

by

Birgir Jónsson geologist NEA.

THORODDSEN AND PARTNERS

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Supplement to Volume II

## THE VATNSFELL DIVERSION NOTES ON GEOLOGY

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Prepared for

LANDSVIRKJUN  
THE NATIONAL POWER COMPANY  
September 1970

# THE VATNSFELL DIVERSION

## Notes on Geology

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## THE VATNSFELL DIVERSION

## Notes on Geology.

Introduction.

These notes are on the geology of the canalsite west of Vatnsfell, the Vatnsfell Diversion, at the southern end of Lake Þórisvatn. They are based on information from the drilling done during the period March to September 1970 and are supplementary to "ÞÓRISVATN, GEOLOGICAL REPORT, Vol. I-III, The National Energy Authority, February 1970", which deals with all the previous investigations.

In the storage development at Lake Þórisvatn, four main routes for outlet works have been under consideration in the Vatnsfell area. These routes were numbered 1 to 4 (see chapter 3 in the above mentioned geological report).

Most of the exploration during the summer of 1969 was focused on routes 3 and 4, east of Vatnsfell, but early in 1970, route 1, west of Vatnsfell was chosen. Only the upper sections of 2 holes, 0-1 and 0-2 had then been drilled in this route, mostly with tricone bits and neither of them had, at that time, reached the main groundwater table, as we found out this year. Some borro soundings had also been done.

In the middle of March 1970, further investigations on route 1 were started, first by borro soundings through the ice on Lake Þórisvatn and, during the first half of April, borro soundings on land and core drilling began.

This route is dealt with on pages 3.13 and 3.14, Vol. II in the geol. report and the geological section of it (section A-A, Exh. 3.09) is based on the scarce information then available. Much of what is said there still holds true, but along with further information the present report also contains some corrections.

Canalsite Geology.

For classification and description of each member of the Vatnsfell formation and its units, see Vol. II of *Pórisvatn*, Geological Report, pp. 3.2 to 3.10.

a) At the Lake. See section F-F, in Exh. 4, and for location see Exh. 2.A and Exh. 1.

One of the core drillholes, 0-7 was drilled on the ice of Lake Pórisvatn, about 170 m from the shore. This hole along with hole 0-4, showed, that the bedrock at the lake, which had been found to have a high seismic velocity (about 3000 m/sec) and is interpreted as a dense móberg ( $V_1$ ), in section A-A, Exh. 3.09 in the geological report, is in fact a pillow lava which belongs to the Grasatangi formation.

The Grasatangi formation is older than the Vatnsfell one (see the geol. report, vol. I, pp. 1.6-1.11) and can easily be distinguished from the latter because of the great number of feldspar phenocrysts the Grasatangi magma did contain. Also the colour of the basalt, which makes up the pillow lava in the Grasatangi formation is light grey, but that of the Vatnsfell formation is much darker.

The pillow lava is a very heterogeneous rock with occasional lenses of badly consolidated material, mostly sand made of basaltic glass. There are also basaltic injections in the pillow lava, consisting of cube jointed basalt, which represent late stages of the eruption, when most of the ordinary pillow lava had already solidified. These injections are usually very irregular in shape, and do not solidify as quickly as the ordinary pillow lava, and therefore contain much less glassy material, if any at all. The section F-F in Exh. 4 shows the stratigraphy of the part of the canal nearest to the lake and in the lake itself. As can be seen, the stratigraphy is very simple; the bedrock consisting of pillow lava and on top is a few meters thick layer of soft sediments, which are beach and lake deposits ( $L_3$ ). The graphic logs of the borro soundings in this area are shown in Exh. 14 to 19.

b) At the control structures. See sections A-A up to E-E in Exh. 3, and for location see Exh. 2.B and Exh.1.

In the part of the canal, where the control structures are to be placed, many holes have been drilled. Eight of them are within, or in the immediate vicinity of, the construction site, and they are shown in the sections A-A to E-E.

The control structures will be placed where the canal route is highest. This is where a móberg ridge crosses the route (section A-A). This ridge belongs to the Vatnsfell formation and is made of the various types of móberg and pillow lava found in this formation. The ridge is most likely a crater rim, the crater being the depression between this rim and the mountain Vatnsfell itself. The drillhole 0-13, which is 45 m deep, is in the western part of this crater and does not reach the bedrock proper, but only extends down into the L<sub>1</sub> unit, which is defined as tuffaceous sand, formed subglacially, not penetrated by borro soundings.

This depression, and the one to the north of it, were once an inlet, or a small fjord, extending southwards from Lake Pórísvatn. Later a gravel bar was formed, which crossed the inlet and now makes up the present shore of the lake west of Vatnsfell. This changed the inlet into a closed lagoon, which subsequently drained out. We do not know how deep the lagoon was when it became dry, but the dry lake bottom is the boundary between the L<sub>3</sub> and L<sub>2</sub> units, as the L<sub>3</sub> is deposited in water, but the L<sub>2</sub> is mostly windblown. From an engineering point of view, this boundary should not be important, as both units have similar properties with regard to excavation.

In Pórísvatn, Geological Report the boundary between these two units was assumed at 570 m elevation (present level of Lake Pórísvatn is about 571 m). This means that the inlet or lagoon was almost filled with sediments before it became dry.

Another possibility is, that this boundary is about 10 m lower than assumed before, or at an elevation of about 558-560 m, where there is a dense horizontal layer in which most of the borro soundings stop (see the graphic logs of borro soundings: 1115V, 1112V, 1110, 1113H, 12125V, 12120V and 12115V in Exh. 21 and 22, and their locations in Exh. 13. This layer was also noticed in drillhole 0-13 (Exh.8) and borro sounding No. 1060 penetrated through it down to an elevation of 532 m, but at 558 m, the number of blows per half a meters run increased greatly, and further down the number decreased again (see Exh.20). This layer may represent the former lake bottom, which may have cemented into a hard crust when it became dry.

In the stratigraphy of the móberg ridge or the crater rim itself, the symbols  $V_1$ ,  $V_2$ ,  $F_2$  etc. are used, but as this is the same formation, the stratigraphy is mostly based on how consolidated the material is, whether belonging to the same units as classified in the above mentioned report.

It became necessary to divide the  $V_2$  and the  $F_2$  units to form a new unit on the boundary between  $V_2$  and  $F_2$ . The unit  $V_2$ , i.e. coarse móberg breccia was divided into well consolidated  $V_2$  with good core recovery, which was classified along with  $V_1$ , and badly consolidated  $V_2$  with a low core recovery, which was classified along with some of the  $F_2$ . The  $F_2$  unit was also divided into  $F_2$  with a lot of glassy sand between and inside the pillows, often a pillow breccia, which was classified along with  $V_2$ , and  $F_2$  with less glassy sand, but more basalt, which was classified along with  $F_1$ .

This new unit  $V_2-F_2$  then grades from badly consolidated  $V_2$ , i.e. móberg breccia, over to badly consolidated pillow breccia, which should be on the boundary between  $V_2$  and  $F_2$  over to

very sandy  $F_2$ , which is pillow lava, sand filled or with sand lenses. Generally the parts of this unit which are marked  $V_2$  are a better rock than the  $F_2$  part, as there some of the matrix is strong enough to withstand the erosion caused by the flush water during drilling.

Ground Water.

The permanent ground water table in the bedrock west of Vatnsfell is much lower than thought before, as the holes drilled last year did not reach deep enough. Therefore the northwestern part of the ground water map in the geol. report (Exh. 3.06, Vol. II) is incorrect. A renewed copy of this map, based on information from the drilling done this year accompanies the present report as Exh. 10.

The permanent ground water table beneath the above mentioned ridge is at an elevation of about 520 m, but during drilling some water was noticed at higher levels in many of the drillholes. For further information, see the graphic logs of the holes.

Hrauneyjafoss 10.09.70

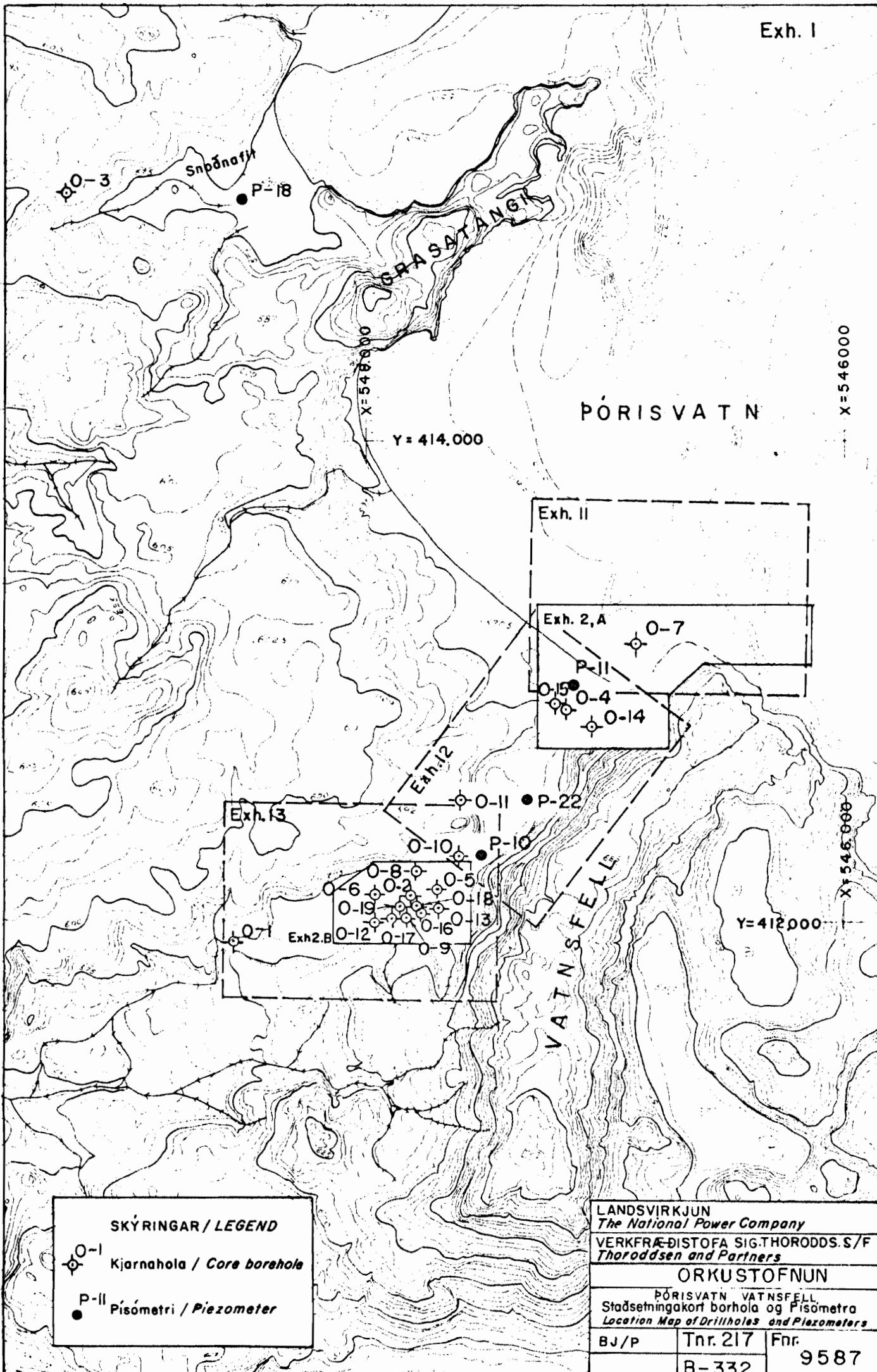
Birgir Jónsson

TABLE 1  
LOCATION AND DEPTH OF CORE BOREHOLES  
WEST OF VATNSFELL

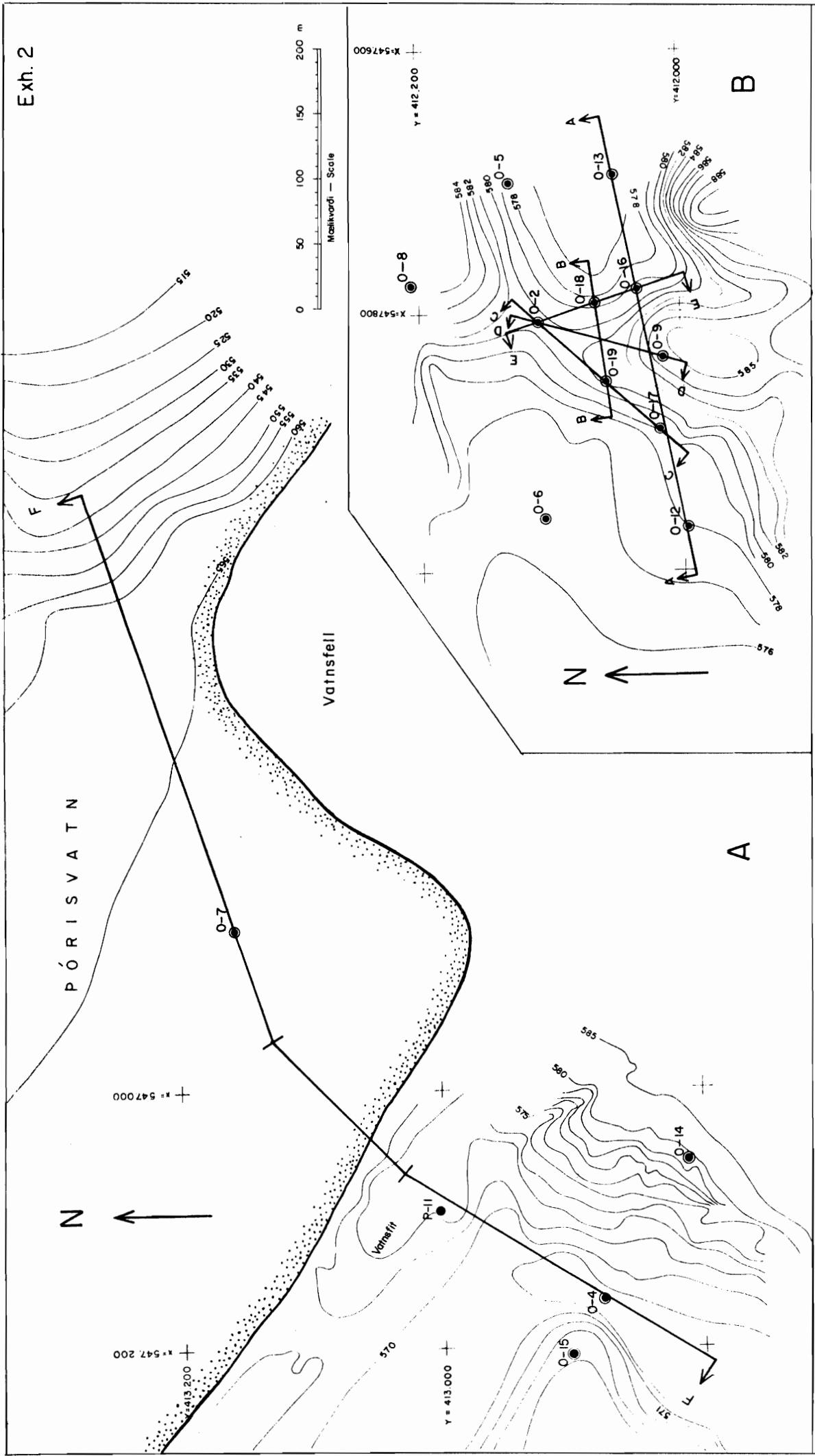
Hole Number	Coordinates		Top of Casing Elevation	Top of Piezometer Pipe (if present) Elevation	Depth m	Bottom of Hole Elevation
	X	Y				
0-1	548.554	411.913	573.73		48,7	525.0
0-2	547.808	412.108	580.16	581,1	71,5	508.7
0-3	549.259	415.031	588.53		80,6	507.9
0-4	547.164	412.877	570.50		50,5	520.0
0-5	547.701	412.129	578.14		57,6	520.5
0-6	547.958	412.106	576.95	577,6	56,5	520.5
0-7	546.873	413.154	571.29	?	29,8	541.6
0-8	547.779	412.205	584.37	584,9	85,0	499.4
0-9	547.836	412.013	584.60		85,2	499.4
0-10	547.609	412.274	588.55		70,0	518.5
0-11	547.600	412.497	589.21		66,0	523.2
0-12	547.967	411.997	577.83		43,0	534.8
0-13	547.695	412.049	576.92		45,0	531.9
0-14	547.056	412.812	579.97		61,6	518.4
0-15	547.206	412.903	573.68		52,0	521.7
0-16	547.784	412.030	578.23		60,3	517.9
0-17	547.892	412.016	578.86		54,5	524.4
0-18	547.794	412.065	578.17		53,0	525.2
0-19	547.852	412.060	581.18		56,0	525.2

TABLE 2  
LOCATION AND DEPTH OF PIEZOMETERS  
WEST OF VATNSFELL

Hole Number	Co-ordinates		Surface Elevation	Top of Piezometer Pipe Elevation	Depth m	Bottom of Hole Elevation
	X	Y				
P-10	547.555	412.212	573,0	573,74	16,3	556,8
P-11	547.094	413.002	573,1	573,87	7,9	565,2
P-18	548.460	414.978	572,3	573,36	21,6	550,7
P-22	547.324	412.507	568,1	569,22	37,5	530,6



Exh. 2

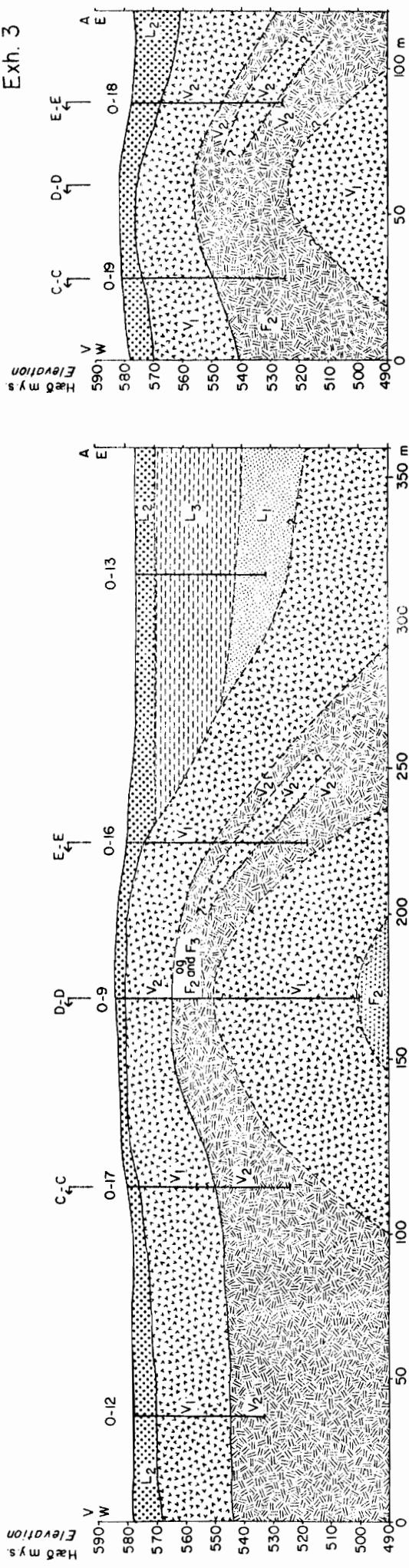


Skýringar: Legend

- Jardagaðinir (Geological Section)
- Borholð (Drillhole)
- Pisómetri (Piezometer)
- O-II (●)
- P-II (●)

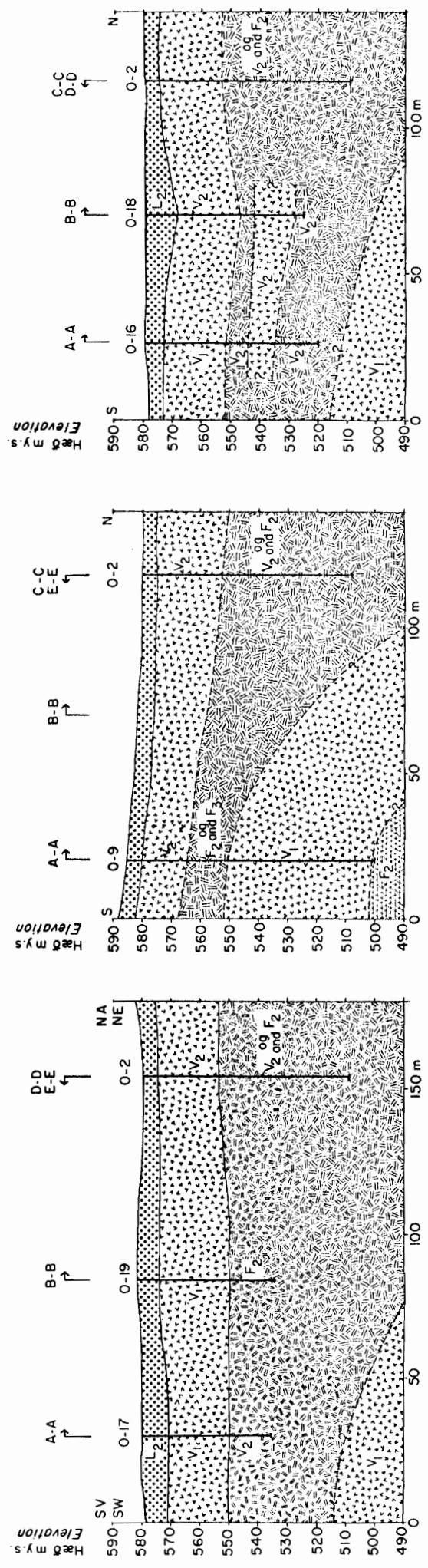
LANDSVIRKJUN	The National Power Company
VERKFREÐISTOFNA	SIG. THORODSEN S/F
ÞORODSEN and Partners	
ORKUSTOFNUN	VATNSFELL 1970
PÖRISVATN	Stadsheimarkort boraða og sníða.
	Location map of drillholes and sections.
4970 BJ / P	Thr. 207
B - 332	Fnr. 9558

Exh. 3



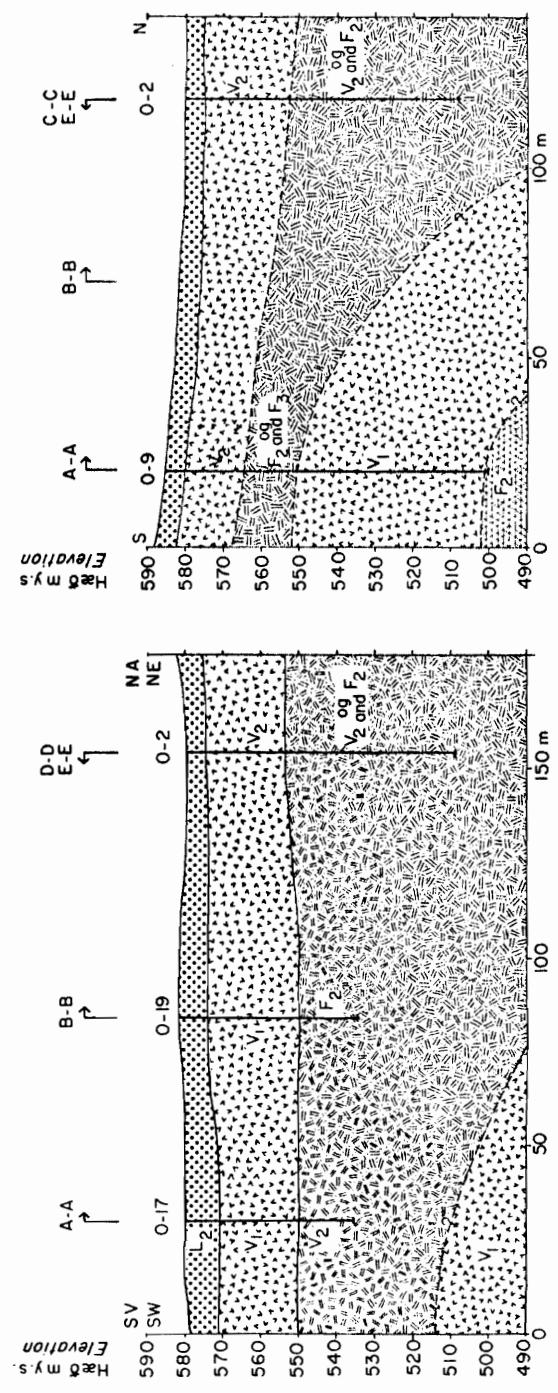
A - A

B - B

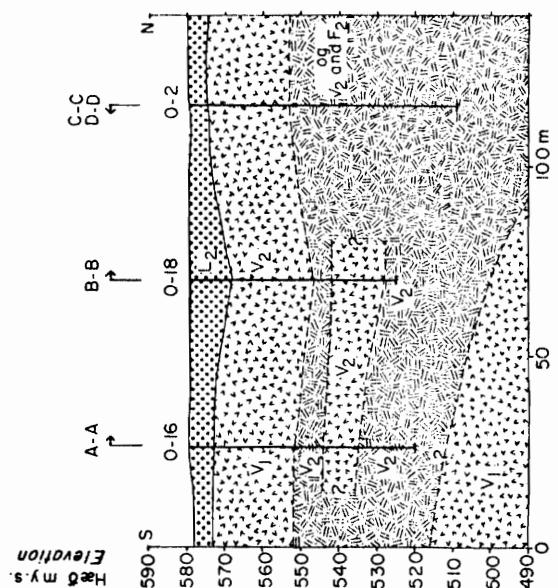


D - D

E - E



C - C



A - A

B - B

Staðsetning síða  
Location see Exh. 2, B

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JARDLAGASÍÐI

Geological sections

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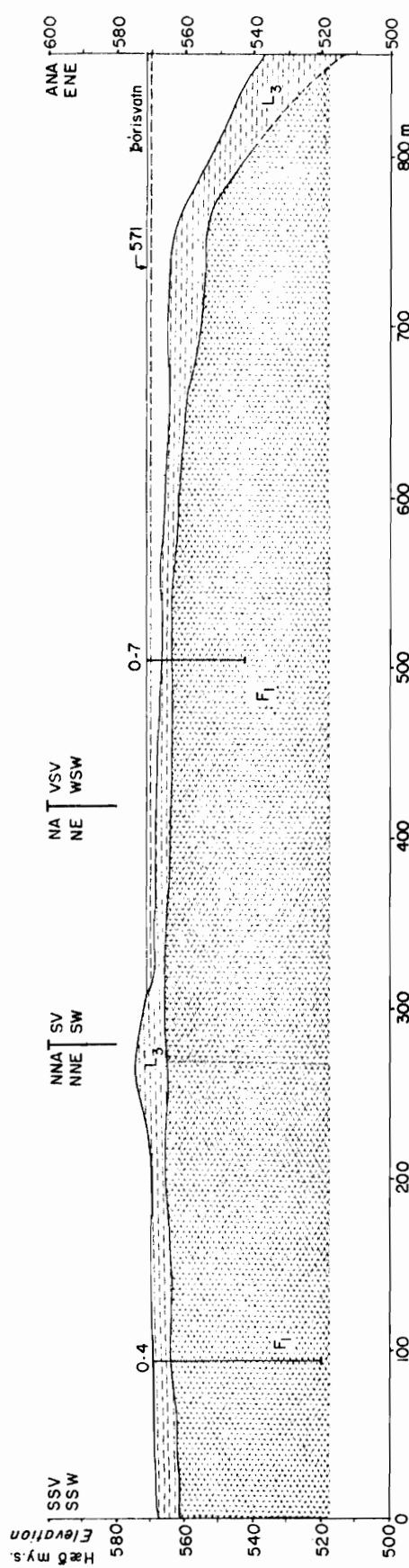
VERKURÆÐISTOFA SIG. THORODDSEN S/F

JARDLAGASÍÐI

Geological sections

79°70' BU/OM Tr. 205 Fn. 9556

Bl. 1 of 2 B. 332



## SKÝRINGAR — LEGEND

- L<sub>1</sub> Tuff sandur, vel pakkaður  
Tuffaceous sand, well packed
- L<sub>2</sub> Sandur, mest af fólkum víkur og aska  
Sandur, mostly winddrifted tephra
- L<sub>3</sub> Strand og vatnset  
Strand and lake deposits
- V<sub>1</sub> og V<sub>2</sub> Möðberg, þett og vel samlumt  
V<sub>1</sub> and V<sub>2</sub> Moberg, tight and well consolidated
- V<sub>2</sub> og F<sub>2</sub> Illa samlimd möðbergsbreksia sem greinist yfir í  
V<sub>2</sub> and F<sub>2</sub> Illa samlimda böiströksu eða sandylli böiströberg  
Badly consolidated möðberg breccia, which grades into  
badly consolidated pillow breccia or sand filled pillow lava
- F<sub>1</sub> og F<sub>2</sub> Böiströberg, F<sub>2</sub> er sandyllt  
F<sub>1</sub> and F<sub>2</sub> Pillow lava, F<sub>2</sub> is sand filled

Staðsettning síða  
Location see  
Exh. 2, A

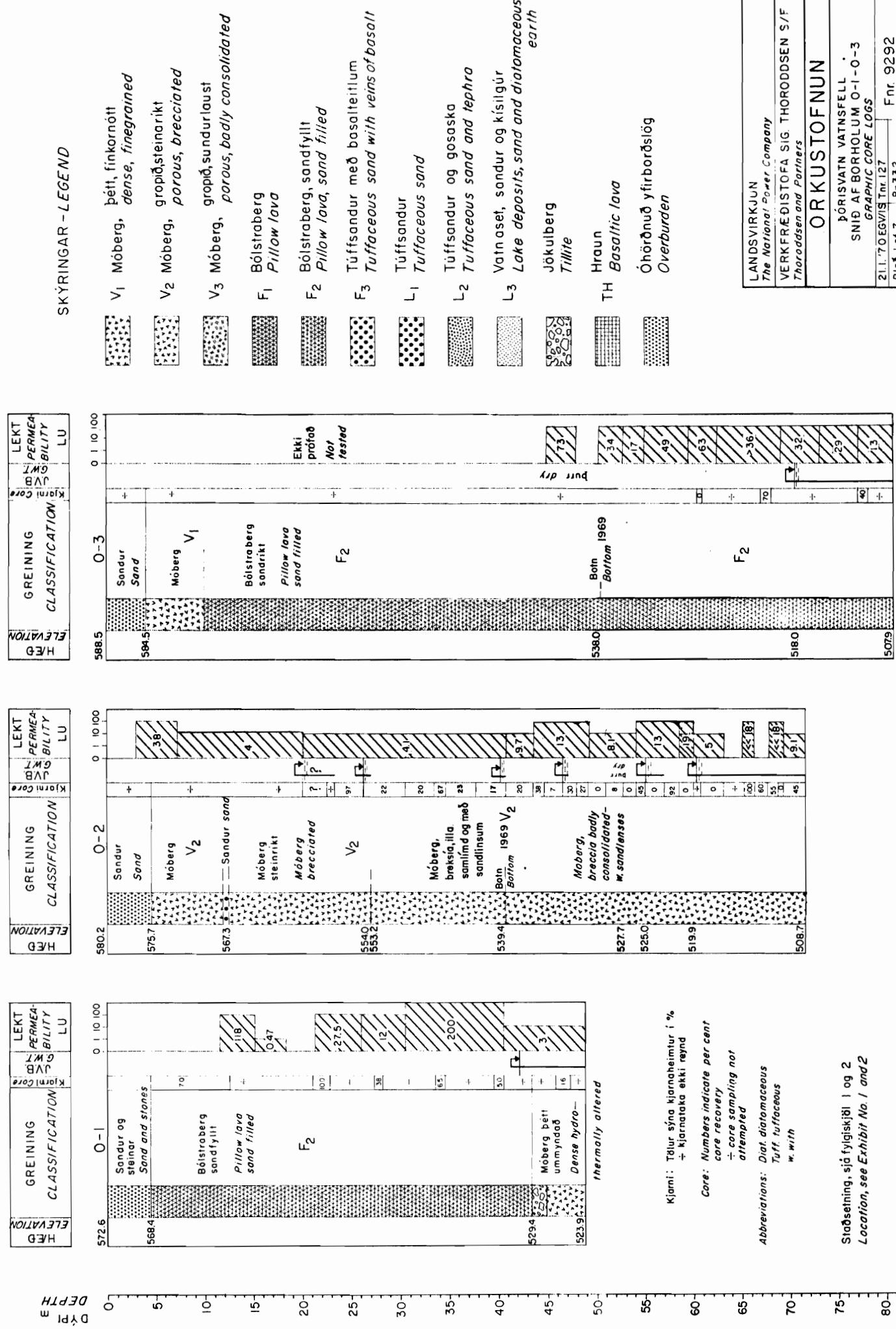
- Borhol  
Drillhole
- Sníð breyrir stefnu  
Section turns
- A-A  
Bversnið  
Section at right angles

Öviss jafðagaskil  
Uncertain rock contacts

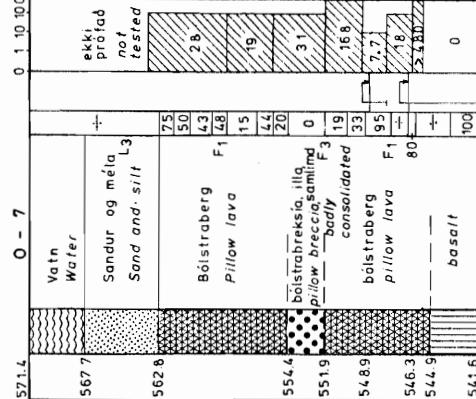
Skilgreiningar á jafðagamyndunum við Vatnsfell er að finna í Börisvatn, Geological Report, Volume II, bis. 3.2 - 3.10  
For definitions of each member of the Vatnsfell formation,  
see Börisvatn, Geological Report, Volume II, pp. 3.2 - 3.10.

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PÖRISVATN VATNSFELL 1970	JARDLAGASÍND Geological sections
7970 BJ/OM Trn. 206	Fnr. 9557
Bl. 2 of 2	B-332

Exh. 5



Elevation	0-8	GREINING CLASSIFICATION	LEKT PERMEABILITY LU	GREINING CLASSIFICATION	LEKT PERMEABILITY LU	Elevation	0-8	GREINING CLASSIFICATION	LEKT PERMEABILITY LU
-----------	-----	-------------------------	----------------------	-------------------------	----------------------	-----------	-----	-------------------------	----------------------

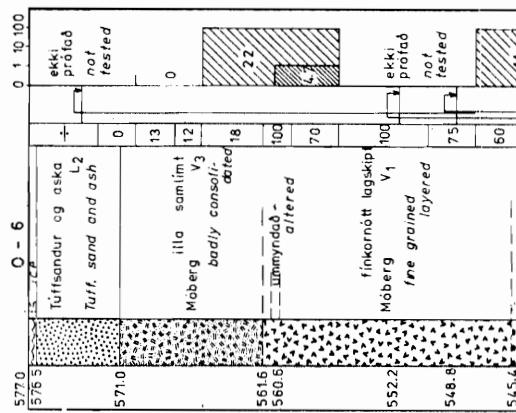


Eftir jarðvatsbordði i 0-6 er mælt um með 1" röf, sem sett var í holunum eftir óð barun lauk. Næst endi örvarinnar nær niður óð steypulagi sem loðar neðst í hólmunum frá þeim eftir.

The uppermost ground water table in 0-6 is measured outside a 1" pipe, which was placed in the hole after drilling was finished. The base of the arrow shows the depth down to a layer of cement which seals the lowest section of the hole from the upper one.

Staðsettning síð Exh. 1-2  
Location see Exh. 1-2

Elevation	0-8	GREINING CLASSIFICATION	LEKT PERMEABILITY LU	Elevation	0-6	GREINING CLASSIFICATION	LEKT PERMEABILITY LU
-----------	-----	-------------------------	----------------------	-----------	-----	-------------------------	----------------------

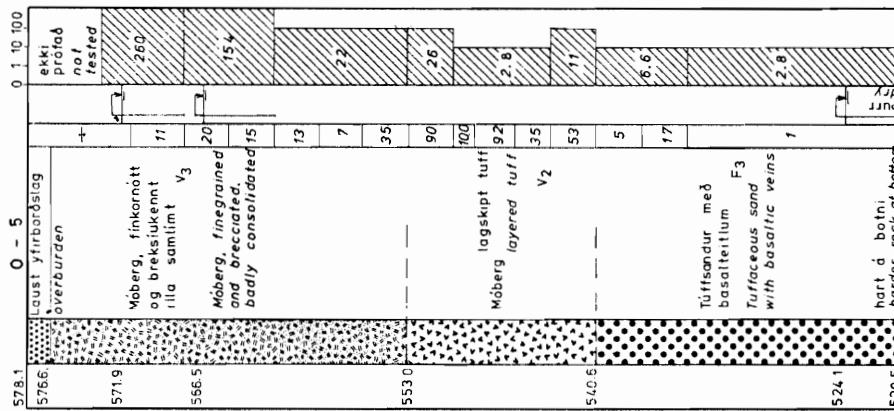


Eftir jarðvatsbordði i 0-6 er mælt um með 1" röf, sem sett var í holunum eftir óð barun lauk. Næst endi örvarinnar nær niður óð steypulagi sem loðar neðst í hólmunum frá þeim eftir.

The uppermost ground water table in 0-6 is measured outside a 1" pipe, which was placed in the hole after drilling was finished. The base of the arrow shows the depth down to a layer of cement which seals the lowest section of the hole from the upper one.

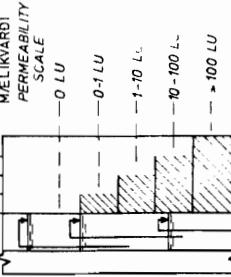
Staðsettning síð Exh. 1-2  
Location see Exh. 1-2

Elevation	0-8	GREINING CLASSIFICATION	LEKT PERMEABILITY LU	Elevation	0-5	GREINING CLASSIFICATION	LEKT PERMEABILITY LU
-----------	-----	-------------------------	----------------------	-----------	-----	-------------------------	----------------------



#### LEKTAR- OG JARDVATNSÚTSKÝRING NOTE ON PERMEABILITY AND GROUND WATER

##### MELIKVARDI PERMEABILITY SCALE



K = Kjarnahelmtur  
Core Recovery

Jardvatsbordð er sýnt með orrum. Næsti endi örvarinnar sýnir halduþróð þegar jardvatsbordð var mælt. Ef jardvatin breytist ekki í barun nær arin í holu.

Ground water levels are shown by arrows. Base of the arrows indicates the hole depth when the water level was measured. If no change in level was observed the arrow reaches the hole bottom.

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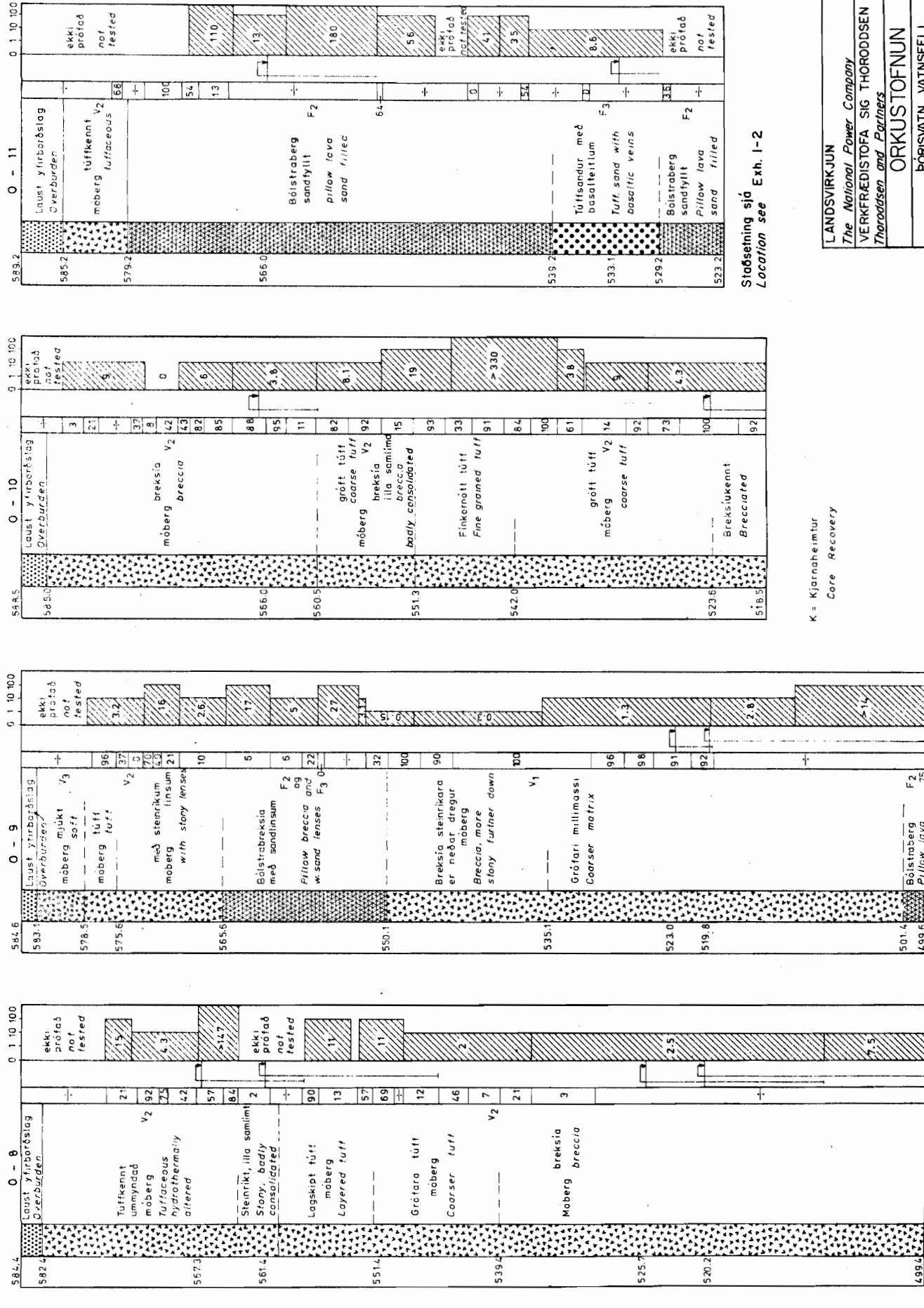
HÖRISVATN VÄNTSFELL

Sand at borholm 0-4-0-7  
Graphic core logs

Blood  
Exh. 7

**LEKT**  
**PERMEA-**  
**BILITY**  
**LU**  
**G**  
**M**  
**%**  
**K**

**GREINING**  
**CLASSIFICATION**  
**EQUIPMENT**  
**HQD6**



Støtsetning sjá  
*Location see* Exh. I-2

Core Recovery

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The African Queen Continues

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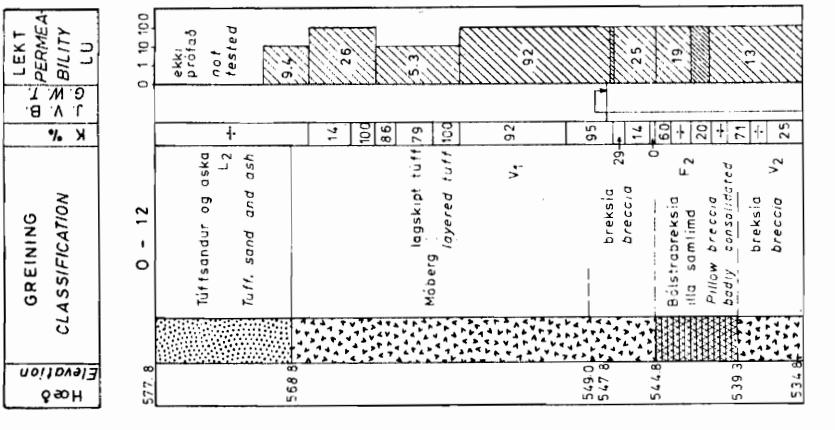
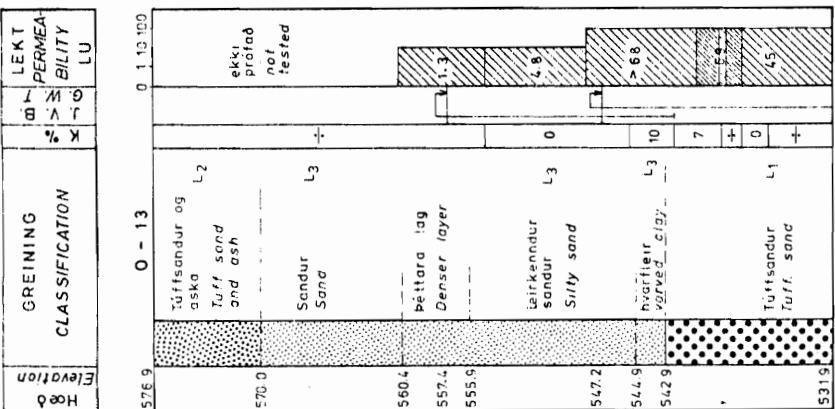
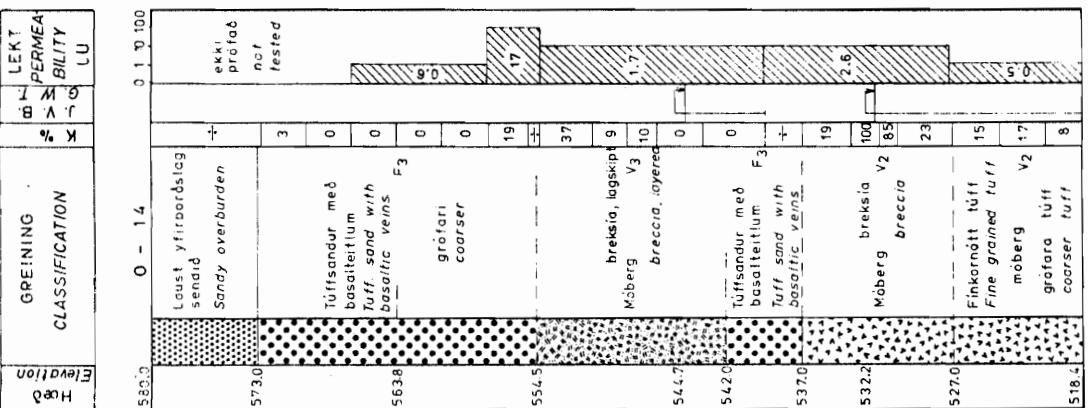
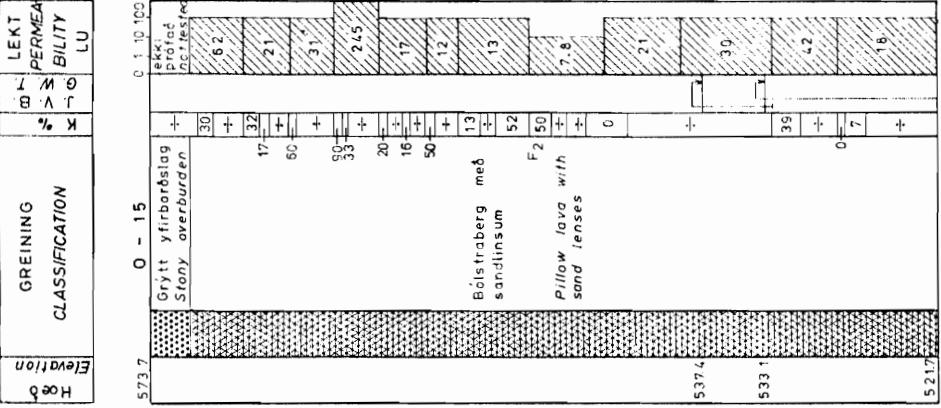
ORKI ISTOENNIIN

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PÖRISVATH VATNSFELL

binding of borholium O-8-O

geographic core logs n



Kjarnahemtur  
Core Recovery

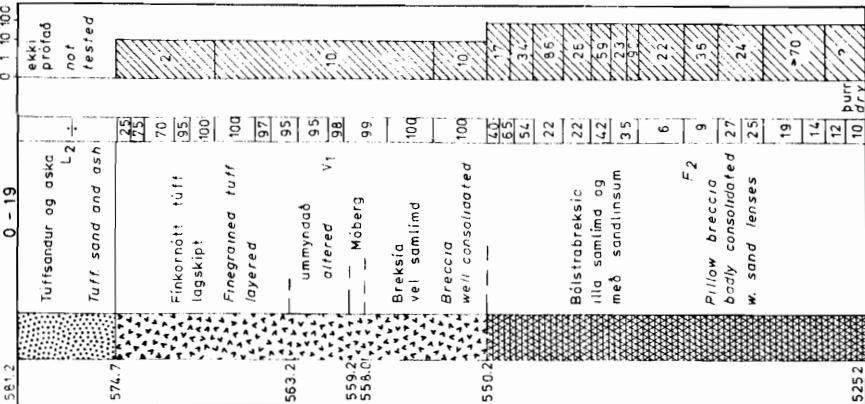
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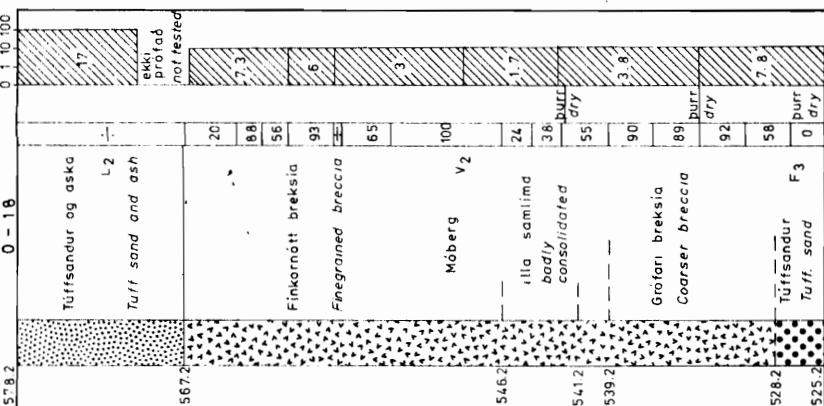
ORKUSTOFNUN

PÓRISVATN VATNSFELL  
Snid af borholum 0-12 — 0-15  
Graphic core logs " "  
24 970 BJS/FNH Tr. 221 — — — Fnr. 9591  
B- 3320

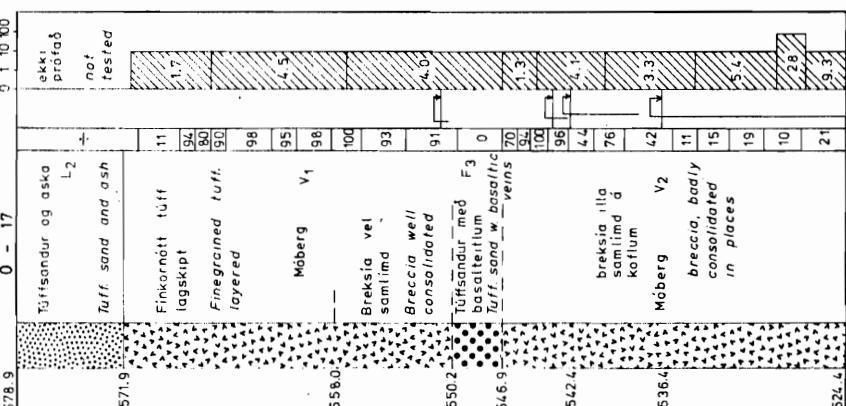
Elevatíon	GREINING	LEKT	PERMEA CLASSIFICATION	PERMEABILITY	LU
H80		W	L	% > 3	K



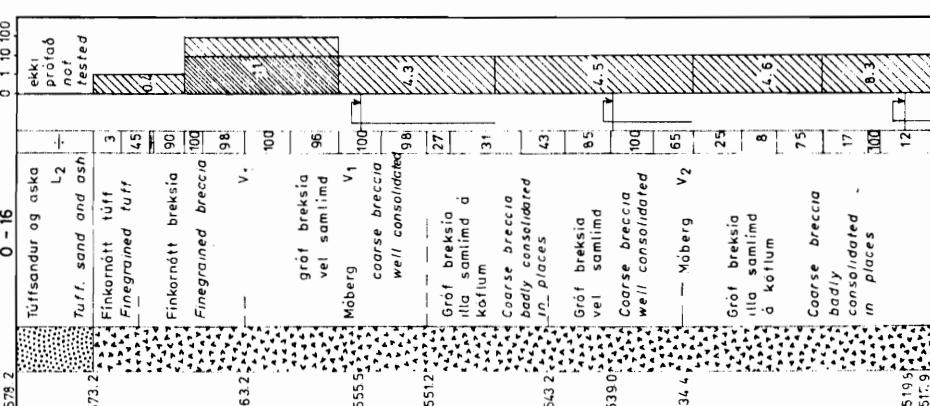
Elevatíon	GREINING	LEKT	PERMEA CLASSIFICATION	PERMEABILITY	LU
H80		W	L	% > 3	K



Elevatíon	GREINING	LEKT	PERMEA CLASSIFICATION	PERMEABILITY	LU
H80		W	L	% > 3	K



Elevatíon	GREINING	LEKT	PERMEA CLASSIFICATION	PERMEABILITY	LU
H80		W	L	% > 3	K



Staðsetning sjá Exh. I-2  
Location see Exh. I-2

K = Kjarnahæmtur  
Core Recovery

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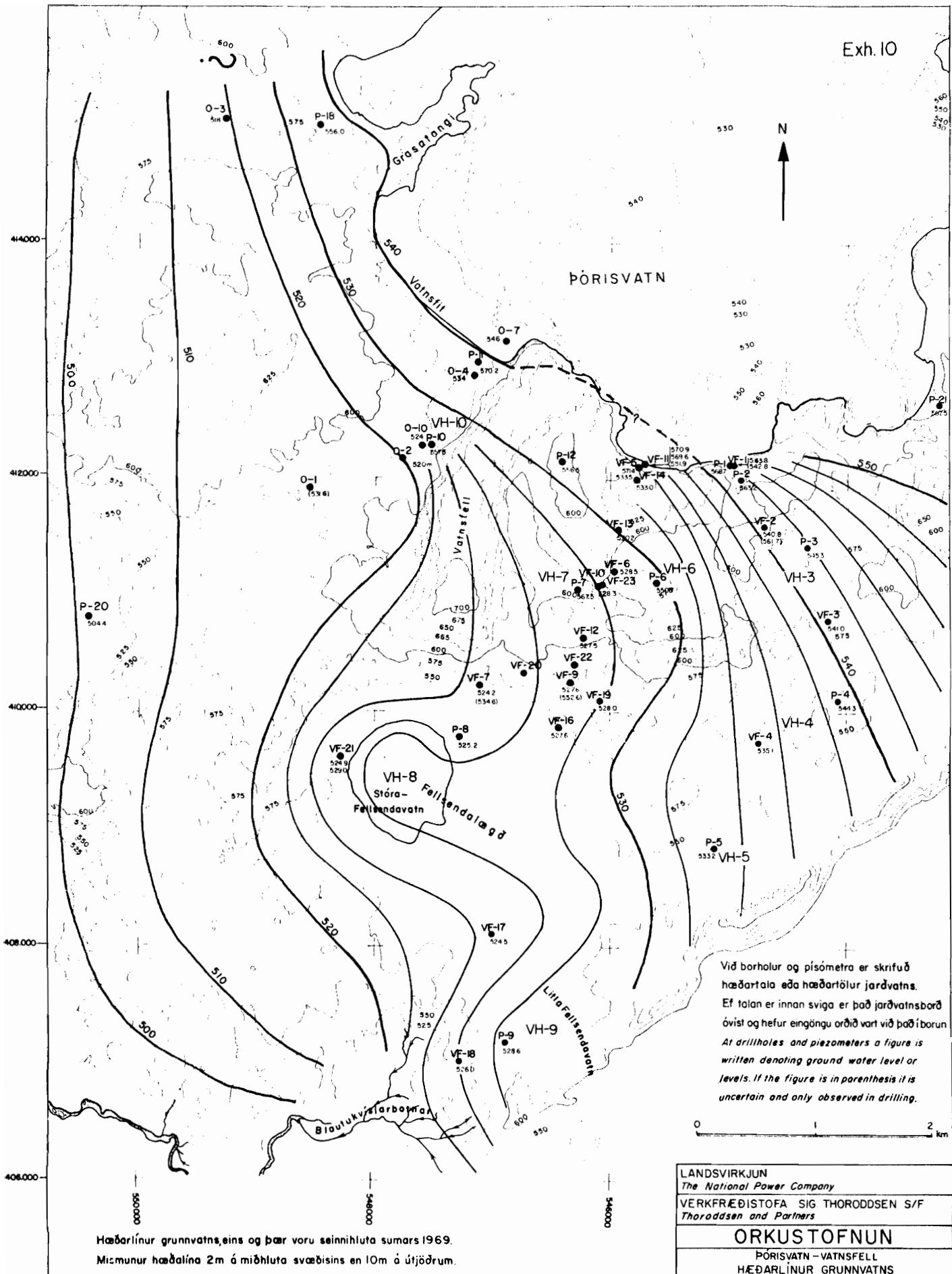
Hörsivatn vatnsfell  
Snoid af borholum core logs

24970BJ/SFH/TMH Tr. 222

6 332

Fnr 9592

Exh. 10



Hæðarlinur grunnvatns, eins og þær voru seinnihluta sumars 1969.

Mismunur hæðalína 2m á miðluta svæðisins en 10m á útjöðrum.

*Bedrock potential lines as observed in late summer 1969.*

**Contour Interval** 2m in the center, but 10m in the outskirts of the area.

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## ORKUSTOFNUN

PÓRISVATN - VATNSFELL  
HÆÐARLÍNUR GRUNNVATNS  
GROUND WATER POTENTIAL LINES.

17.12.69 H.T./SJ Tar 102

Enr. 8183

Exh. II

## PÓRISVATN

### SKÝRINGAR / LEGEND

1020 • Borroholla

Borro sounding

0 - 7 o Kjarnaborrohla

Core drillhole

Hæðarlinur / Contour lines

Yfirborð jafðar og vatnsbotni

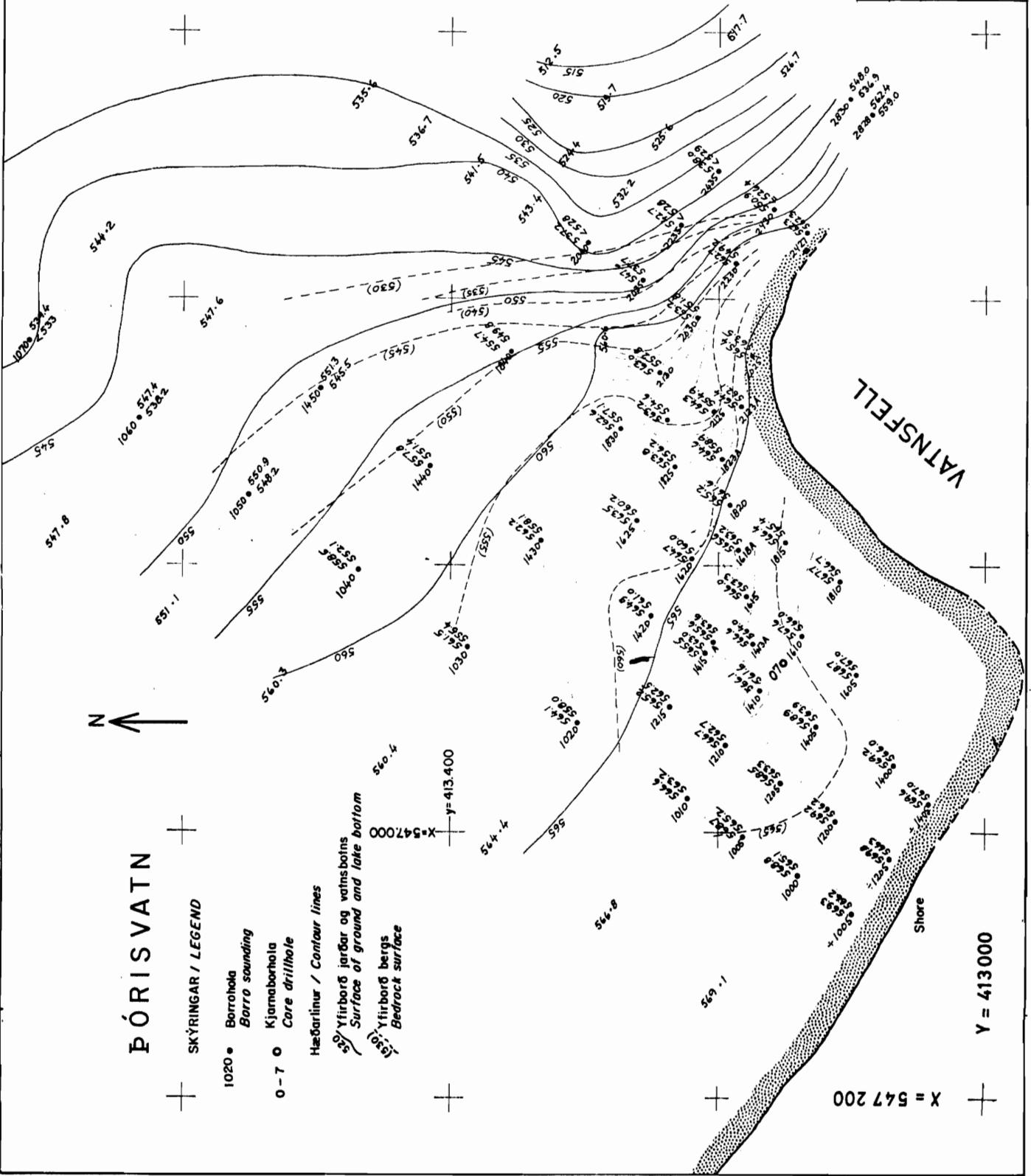
Surface of ground and lake bottom

Yfirborð bergs

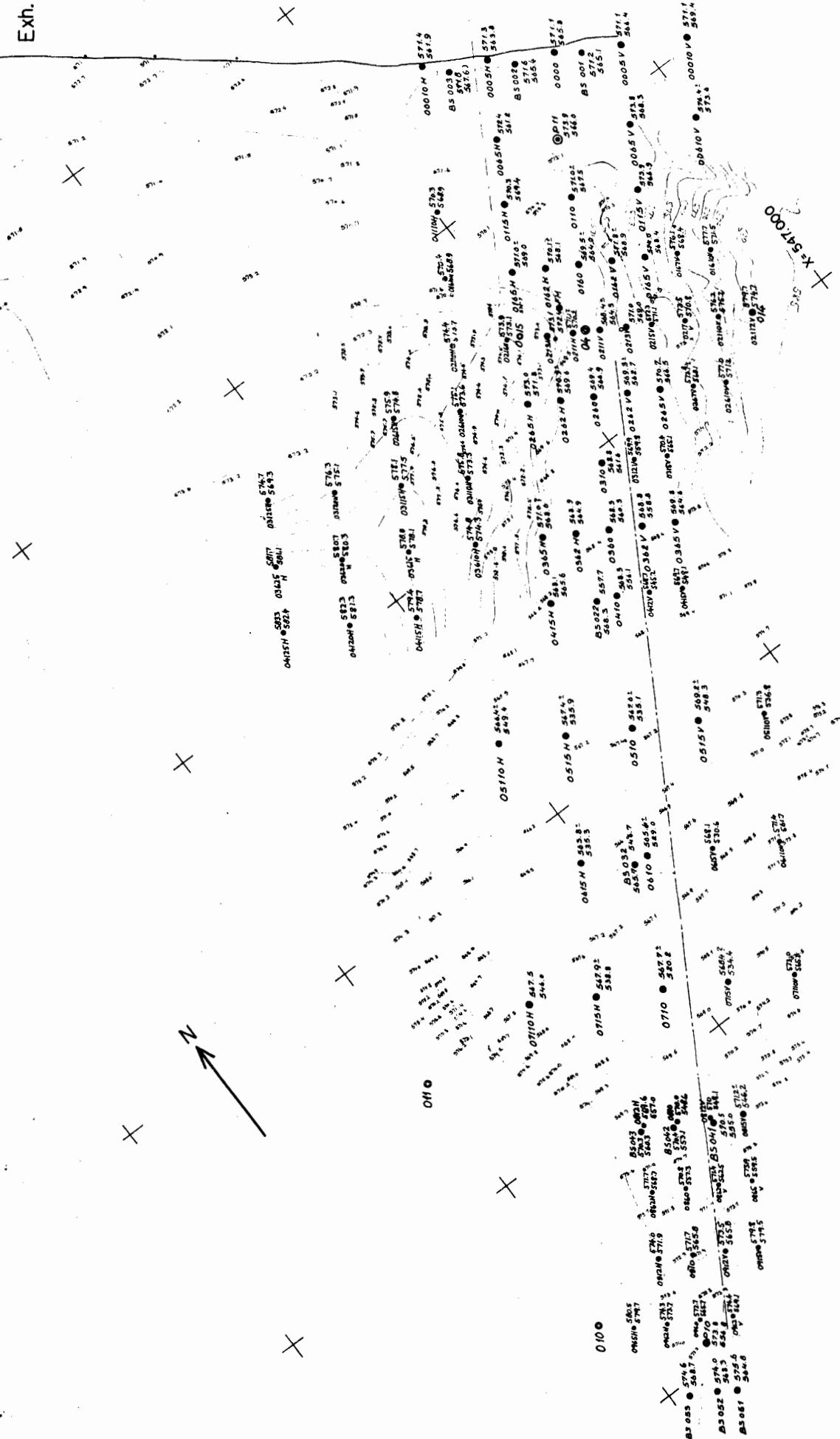
Bedrock surface

Hæri hæðarlanan við hverja  
borroholu táknað hæð ó  
yfirborð jafðar og ó vatnsbotni,  
en sú lægri táknað hæð ó  
yfirborð bergs

The higher elevation figure at  
each borro sounding indicates  
the elevation of the ground  
surface and the lake bottom,  
but the lower one indicates the  
elevation of bedrock surface.



Exh. 12



LANDSVIRKJUN  
*The National Pe*

**VERKFREDISTOFA SIG. THORODSEN S/F**  
*Thorodsen and Partners*

# ORKUSTOFNUN

## BÓRISVATN VATNSFELL Stadtseitnabokt borrhóla Location map of boro soundings.

Skyringar sjá Exh. II  
*Legend* see " "

~~Y=412.400~~ X  
~~5412.200~~

Exh. 13

Y = 412,400

X = 548,000

N 



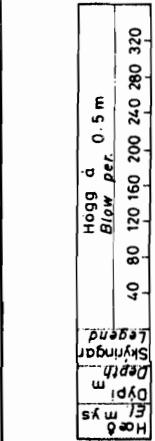
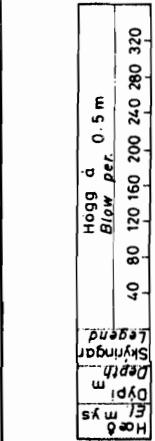
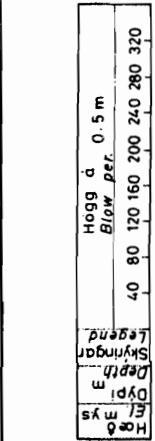
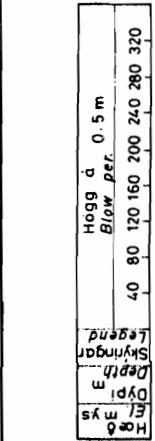
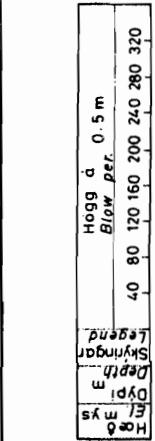
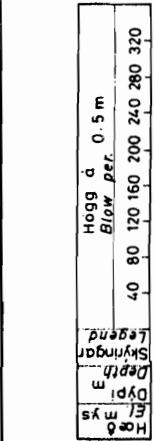
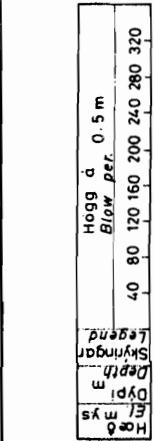
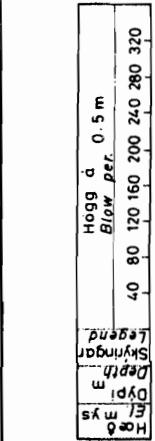
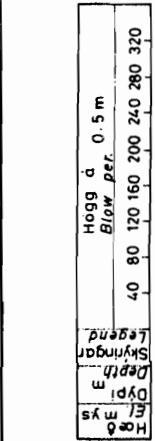
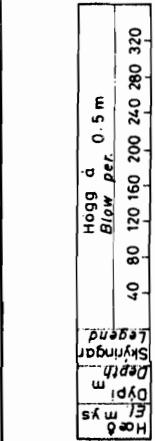
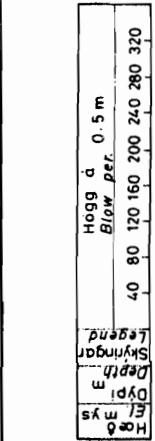
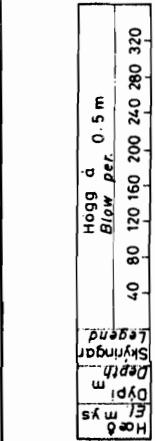
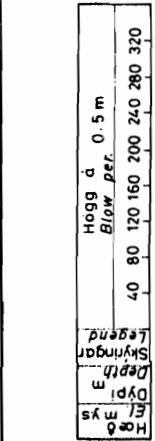
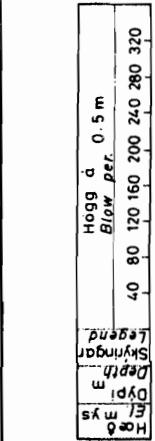
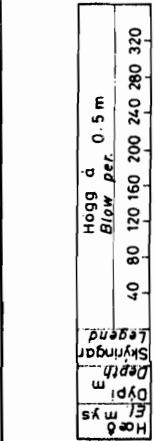
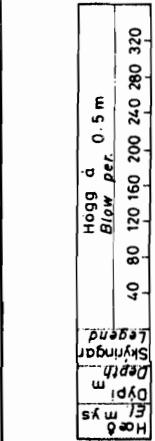
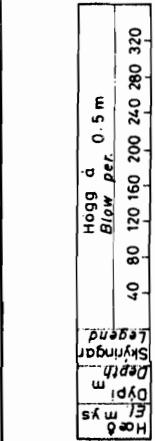
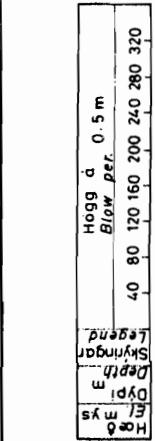
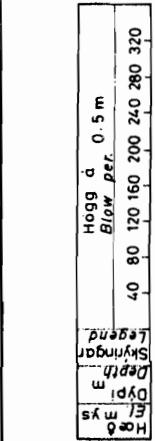
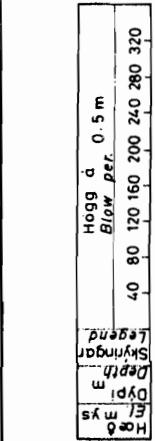
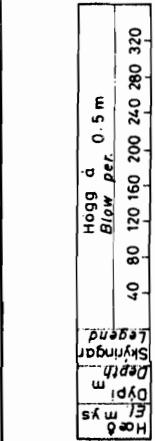
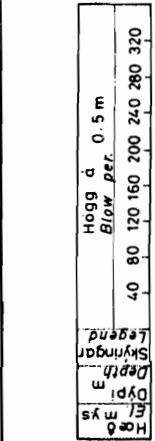
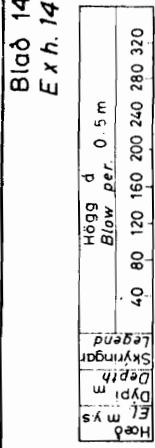
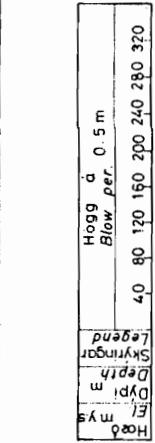
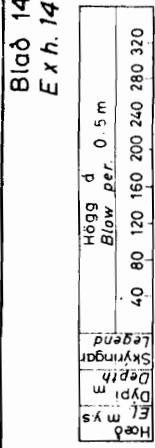
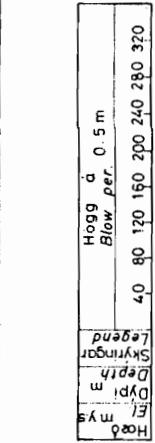
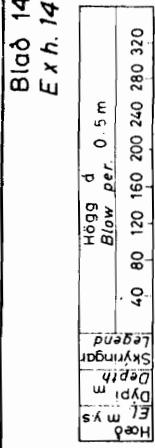
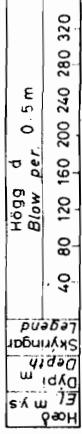
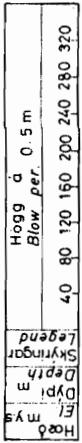
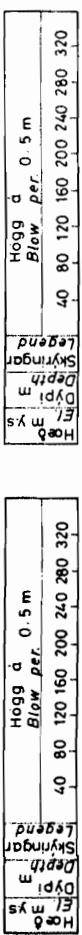
X = 547,800

Y = 411,800

Skiringar sjö Exh. II  
Legend see v n

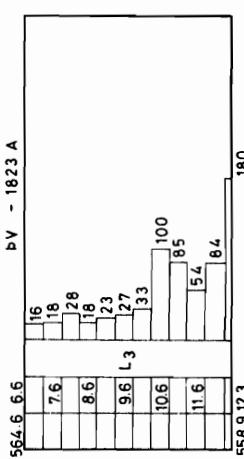
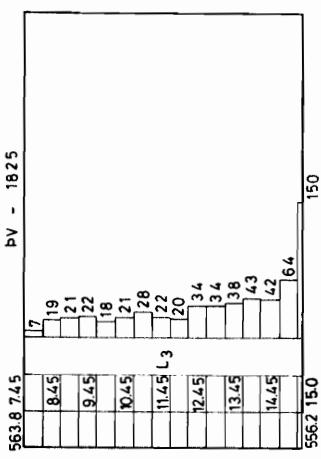
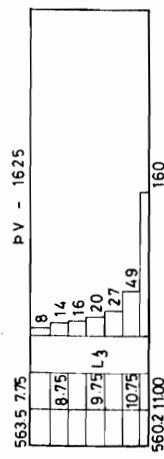
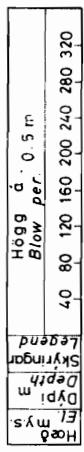
LANDSVIRKJUN	The National Power Company
VERKFRÉÐISTOFA	SIG THORODDSEN S/F
Thorddssen	and Partners
ORKUSTOFNUN	Location map of borø soundings
22 970 BORØSFARINN	Tir. 218
B - 332	Thr. 9588

PÖRISVATN VATNSFELL	Stadsnettingakort
borønha	Location map of borø soundings



Blatt 15  
Ex h. 15

Blað 15  
Frh 15



LANDSVIRKJUN

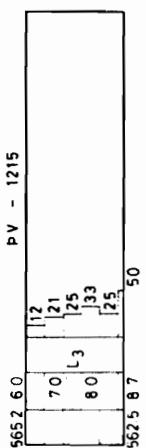
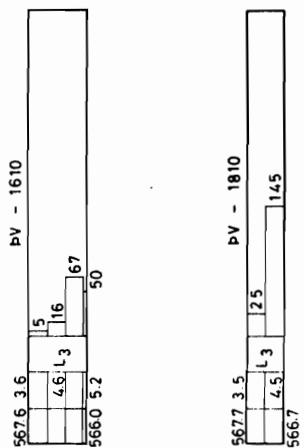
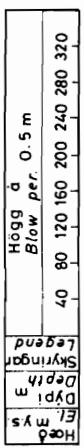
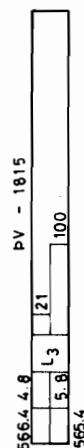
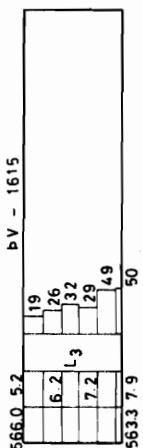
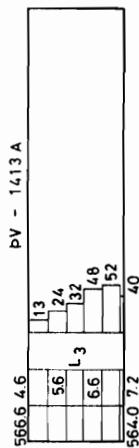
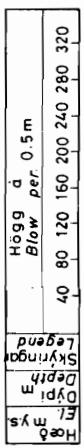
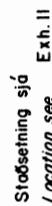
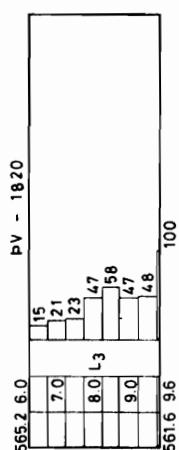
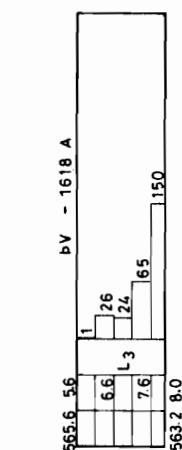
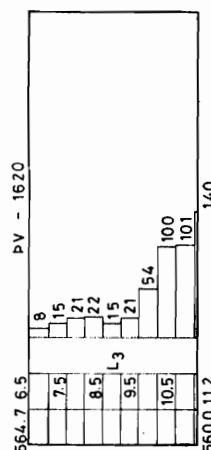
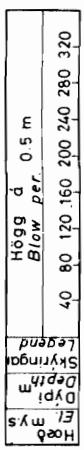
*The National Power Company*  
VERKEFÉDISTOE SIG THOR

VILNIUS UNIVERSITY AND THORODSEN  
Thorodsen and Partners

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ORKUSTOFNUN

HÖRISVATN VATNSFELL, HöRISVATNSMÍD  
Boro bothor i Hörisvathi  
Boro soundings in lake Thorvatn



Skýringar sjá blað 14  
Legend see Exh. 14

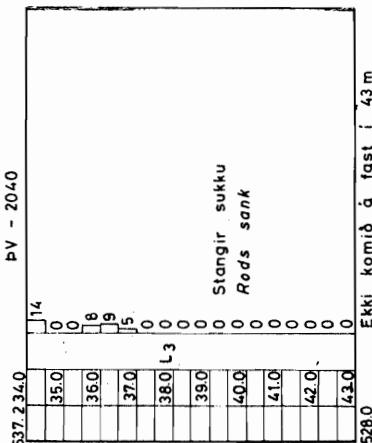
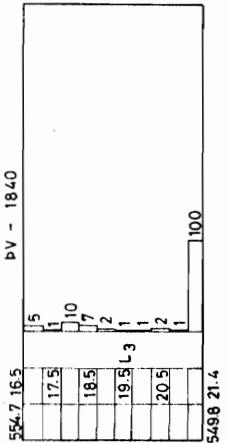
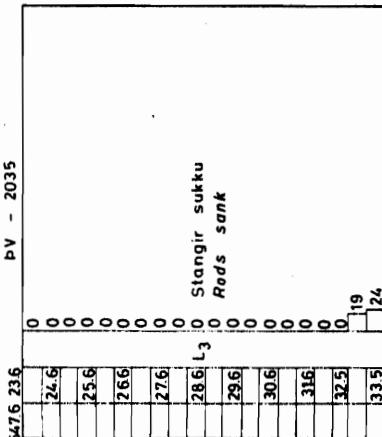
563.6 7.55 53  
563.6 6.55 L3 26  
563.6 6.55 28 20



Blað 17  
Exh. 17

Högg á Blow per.		Högg á 0.5 m Blow per.	
Depth Dypti	Myrs	Depth Dypti	Myrs
40	80	40	80
80	120	80	120
120	160	120	160
160	200	160	200
200	240	200	240
240	280	240	280
280	320	280	320

Högg á Blow per.		Högg á 0.5 m Blow per.	
Depth Dypti	Myrs	Depth Dypti	Myrs
5427.85	54	54	54
5427.85	20	20	20
5427.85	6	6	6
5427.85	10.5	10.5	10.5
5427.85	12	12	12
5427.85	15	15	15
5427.85	16	16	16
5427.85	17	17	17
5427.85	19	19	19
5427.85	11	11	11
5427.85	15	15	15
5427.85	14.5	14.5	14.5
5427.85	9	9	9
5427.85	11	11	11
5427.85	12	12	12
5427.85	14	14	14
5427.85	15	15	15
5427.85	16.5	16.5	16.5
5427.85	17.5	17.5	17.5
5427.85	18	18	18
5427.85	20	20	20
5427.85	24	24	24
5427.85	35	35	35
5427.85	49	49	49
5427.85	50	50	50
5427.85	64	64	64
5427.85	70	70	70
5427.85	80	80	80
5427.85	137	137	137
5427.85	220	220	220



Ett komin á fast í 43 m  
Bedrock not reached at 43 m

Skýringar sjá blað 14  
Legend see Exh. 14

Stofsetning sjá  
Location see Exh. II

LANDSVÍRKJUN

The National Power Company

VERFRÍÐISTÖFA SIG THORODDSEN S/F

Thorodden and Partners

ORKUSTOFNUN

ÞÓRISVATN VATTNFELL ÞÓRISVATNSMIÐULUN

Borð berholar í vatni

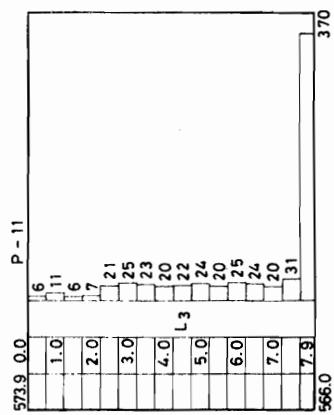
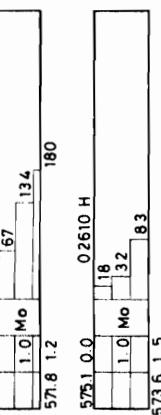
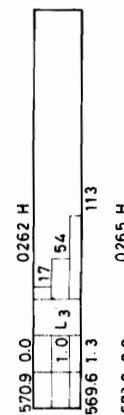
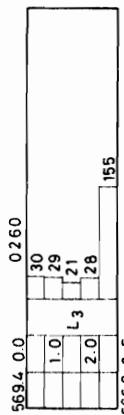
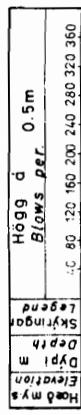
Borð soundings in lake Þórisvatn

25.970 BU/SVANNÉ Nr. 227

B - 332

Fnr. 9597

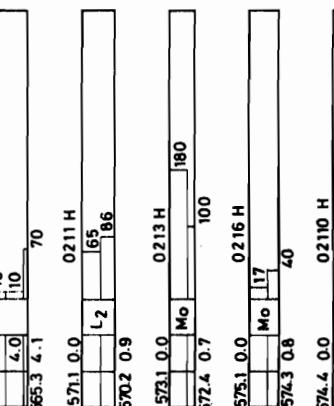
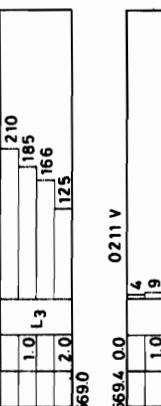
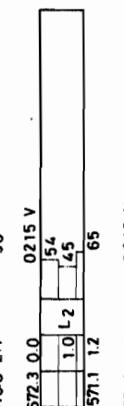
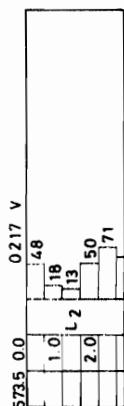
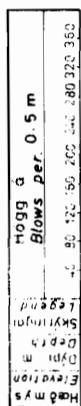
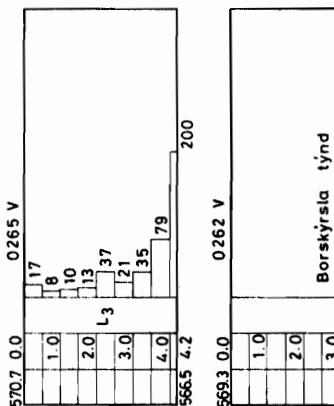
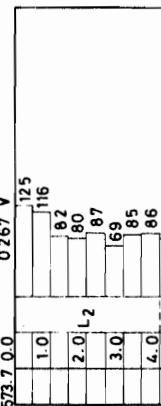
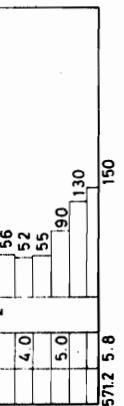
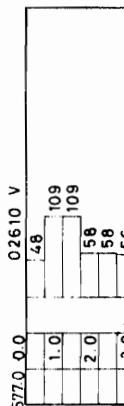
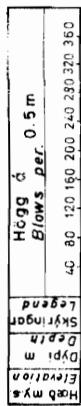




Staðsettning sjá Exh. 12  
Location see

LANDSVIRKJUN

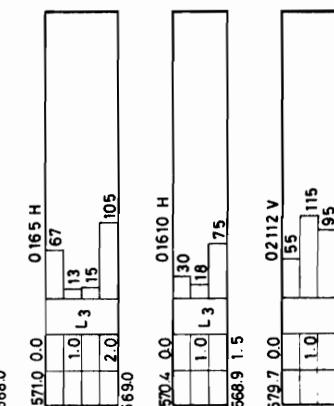
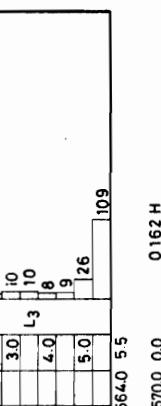
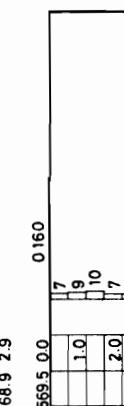
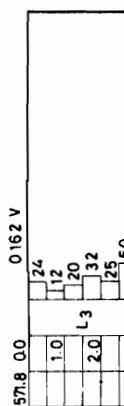
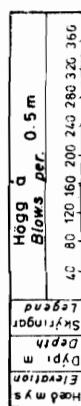
<b>THE NATIONAL POWER COMPANY</b>	<b>VERKHFREDISTOFA SIG THORODDSEN</b>	<b>S/F</b>
<i>Thorodden and Partners</i>		
	<b>ORKUSTOFNUÐ</b>	
<b>PÖRISVATN VATNSFELL</b>	<b>PÖRISVATNSHÚBLUN</b>	
Borð borholur nr. 0162v-02610H	<i>Borð soundings no.</i>	"
259.70 BJSF/NH	Tir. 229	Fnr. 9599
	B-332	



skyningar, sjá blað 14

הנִּזְבָּחַ

Ath: Klaki var ennpá i jöldu  
þegar borro boranirnar voru  
gerðar, svo að höggafjöldi  
þeista 1-1,5 m er allt of



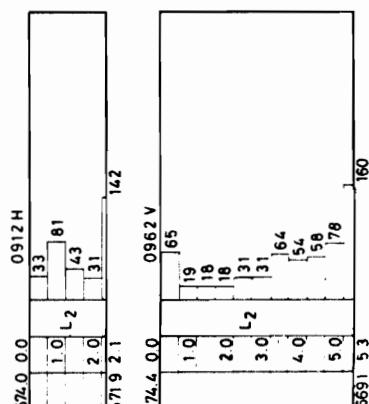
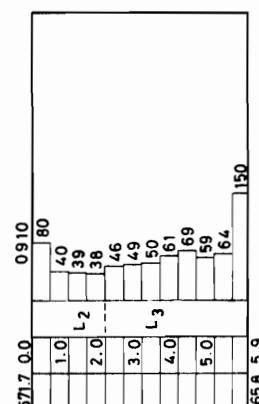
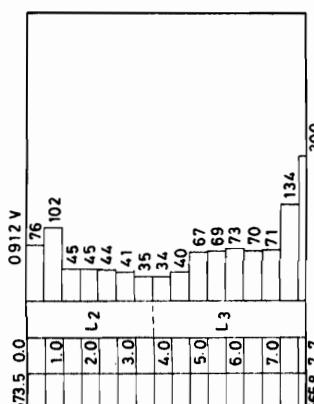
02110 V  
5762.00  
1.0 62 78  
5752

**NB:** The surface was still frozen when the barro soundings were done, so the number of blow in the uppermost 1-1.5 m is far too high.

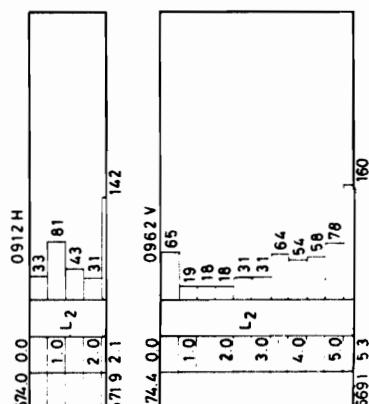
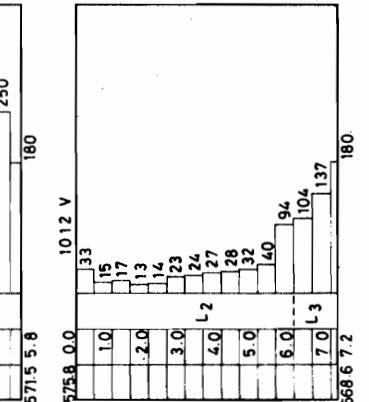
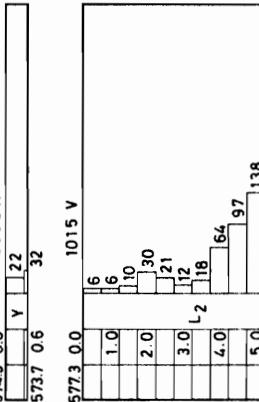
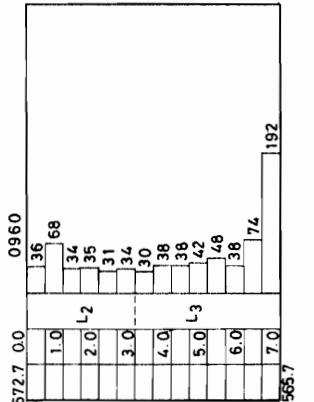
Högg á Blows per.		0.5 m	
4.0	8.0	12.0	16.0
16.0	20.0	24.0	28.0
32.0	36.0	40.0	44.0

Högg á Blows per.		0.5 m	
4.0	8.0	12.0	16.0
20.0	24.0	28.0	32.0
36.0	40.0	44.0	48.0

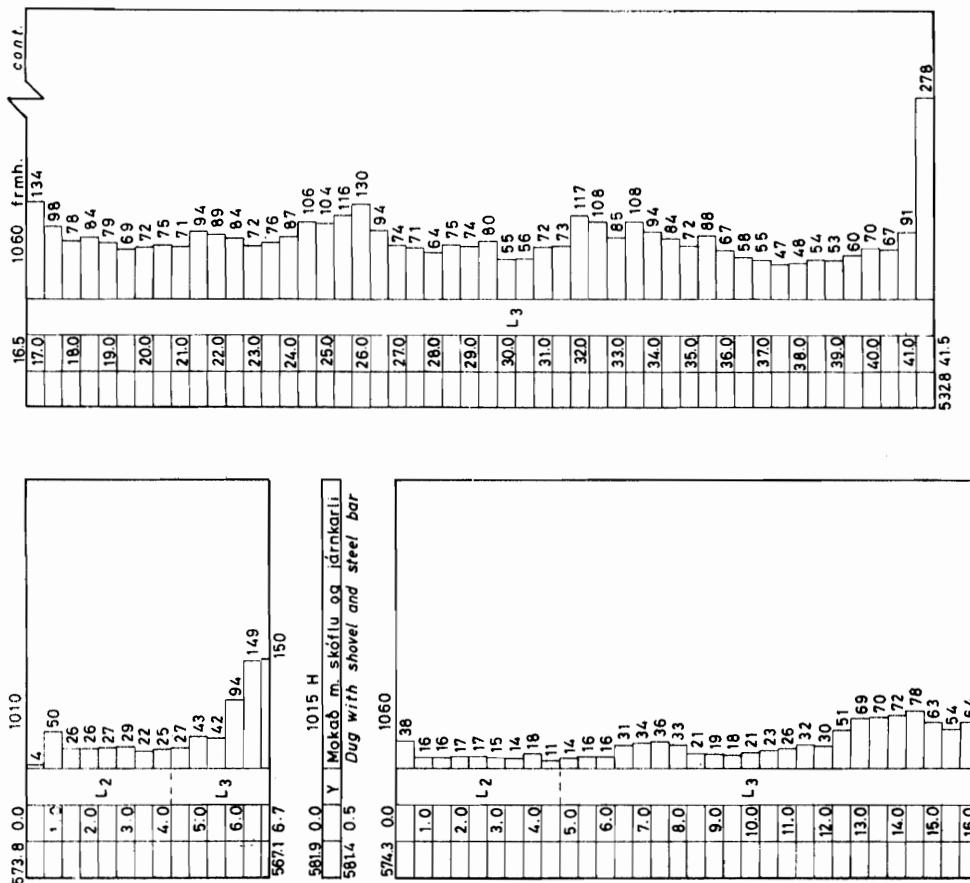
Högg á Blows per.		0.5 m	
4.0	8.0	12.0	16.0
20.0	24.0	28.0	32.0
36.0	40.0	44.0	48.0



5691 5.3



5691 5.3



Staðsetning síða  
Location see

Exh. 12-13

Skiyingar, sjá blað 14

Legend, see Exh. 14

Ath.: Kjaki var empá i jörðu þegar  
borr boðanirnar voru gerðar,  
svo að höggatjóldi í eista  
1-1.5 m er allit of hárr  
far too high.

N.B.: The surface was still frozen  
when the borro soundings were  
done, so the number of blows  
in the uppermost 1-1.5 m is

N.B.: The surface was still frozen  
when the borro soundings were  
done, so the number of blows  
in the uppermost 1-1.5 m is

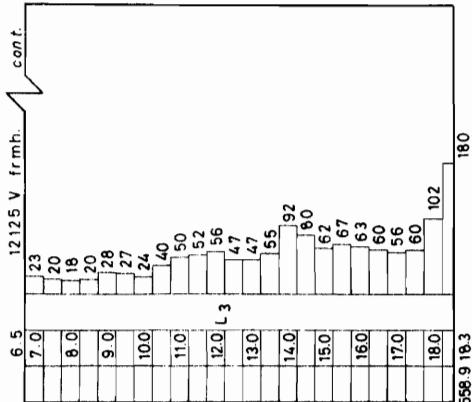
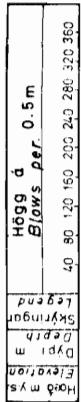
N.B.: The surface was still frozen  
when the borro soundings were  
done, so the number of blows  
in the uppermost 1-1.5 m is

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Thorodden and Partners  
ORKUSTOFNUN  
PÓRIVATN VATNSFELL PÓRIVATNSMIÐUN  
Borrboðanir nr. 0912 V - 1060  
Borr soundings "

Fnr. 9600  
B-352  
25.9.70. BJS/SEFH Tr. 230

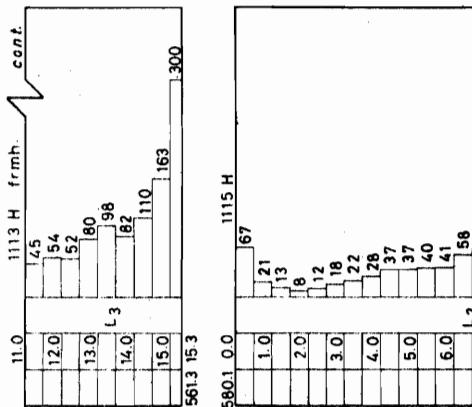
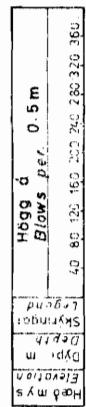
Blad 21  
Exh. 21

1

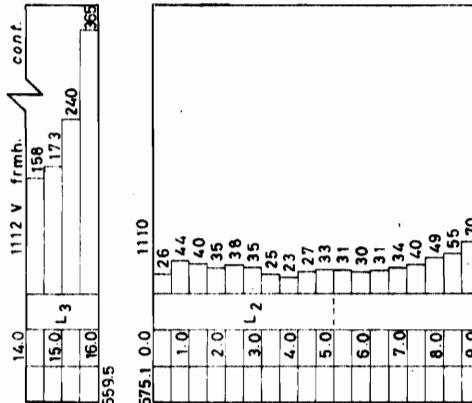
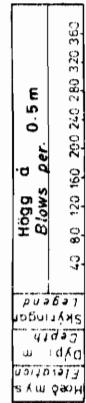


NB: The surface was still frozen when the boranir var ennpá i jördú þegar borro-  
boranirnar voru gerðar, svo að hogga-  
fjöldi í efsta 1-1,5m er allt of hárt.

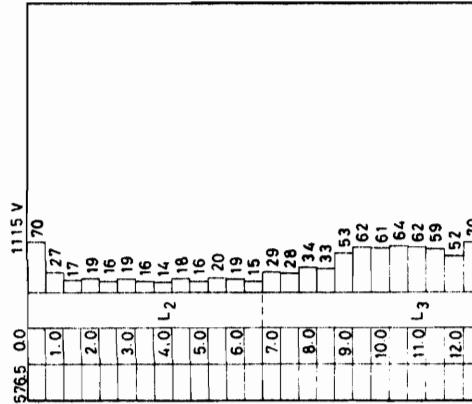
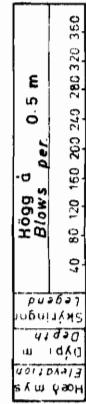
NB



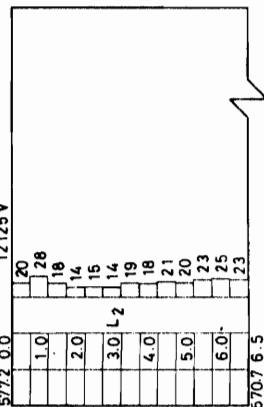
			325
		165	
		14.0	
		20.8	
			6665.8 14.3



370



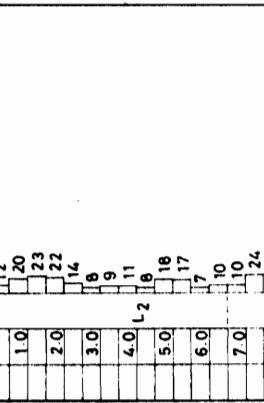
1112 V



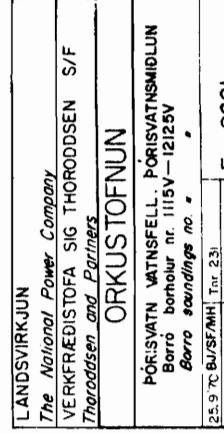
Skýringar sjá blað 14

Legend. see Exh. 14

Staðsettning sjá Exh. 13



✓ 106



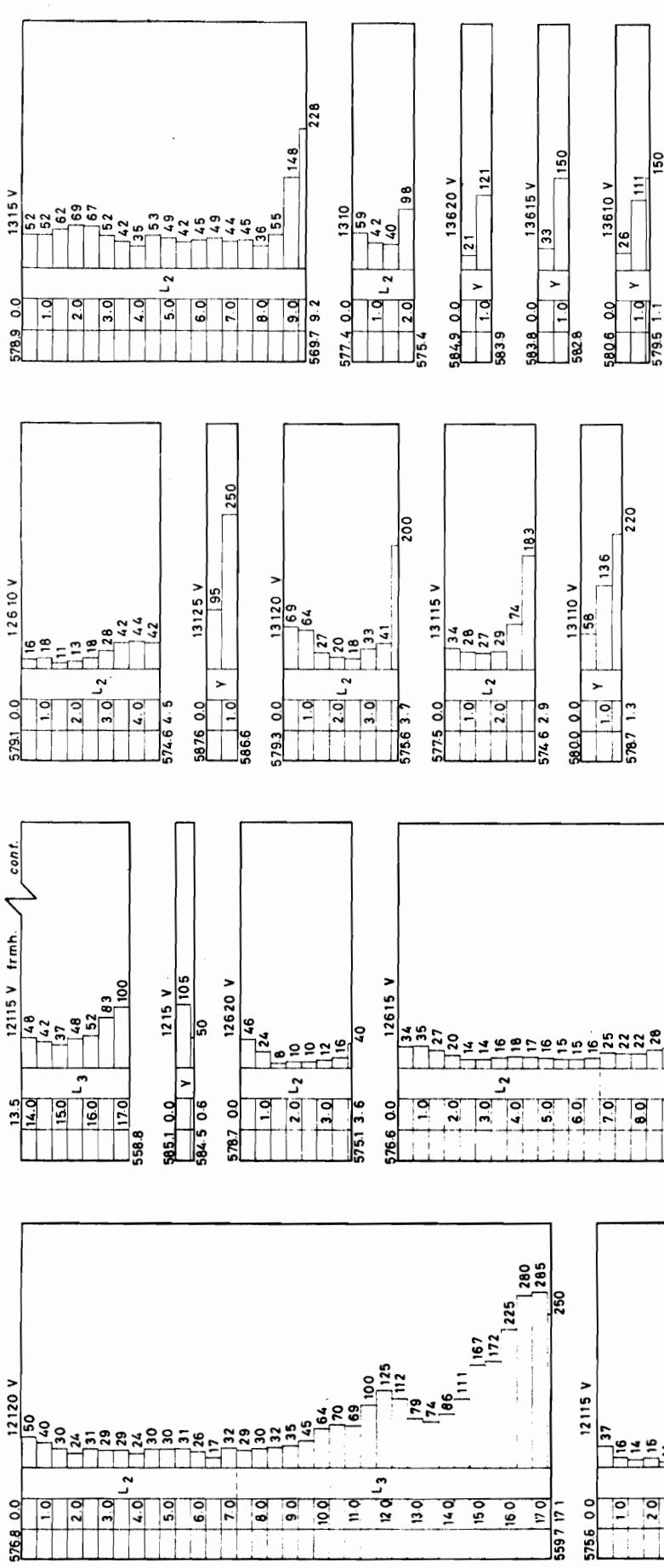
B-332      Fnr. 960

Högg d Blows per.	
40	80
45	90
50	100
55	110
60	120
65	130
70	140
75	150
80	160
85	170
90	180
95	190
100	200
105	210
110	220
115	230
120	240
125	250
130	260
135	270
140	280
145	290
150	300
155	310
160	320
165	330
170	340
175	350

Högg d Blows per.	
40	80
45	90
50	100
55	110
60	120
65	130
70	140
75	150
80	160
85	170
90	180
95	190
100	200
105	210
110	220
115	230
120	240
125	250
130	260
135	270
140	280
145	290
150	300
155	310
160	320
165	330
170	340

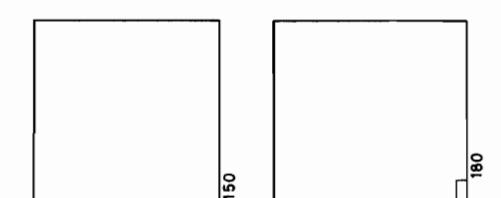
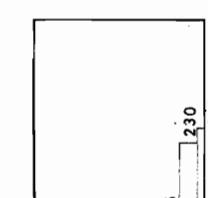
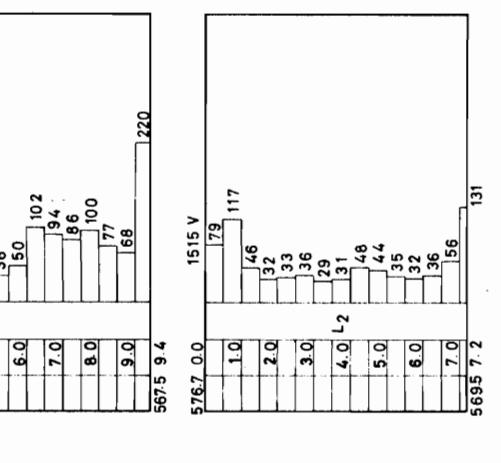
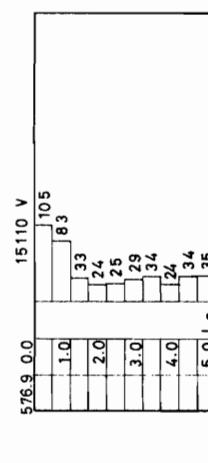
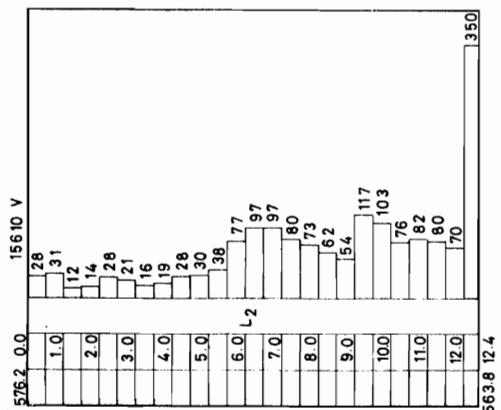
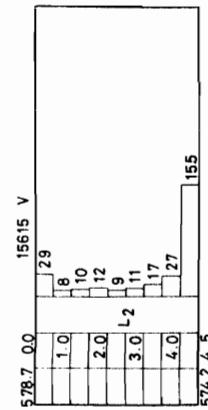
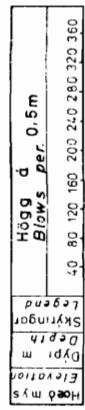
Högg d Blows per.	
40	80
45	90
50	100
55	110
60	120
65	130
70	140
75	150
80	160
85	170
90	180
95	190
100	200
105	210
110	220
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130	260
135	270
140	280
145	290
150	300
155	310
160	320
165	330
170	340

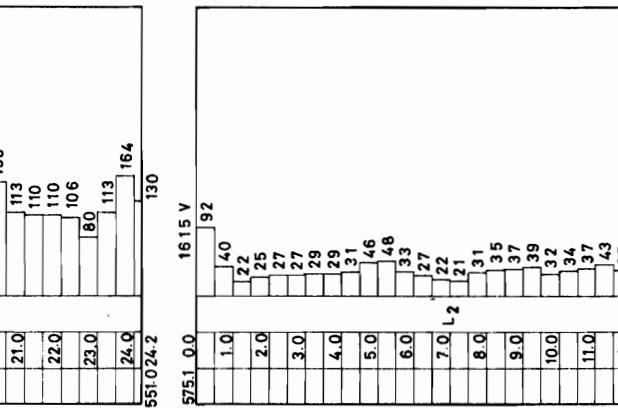
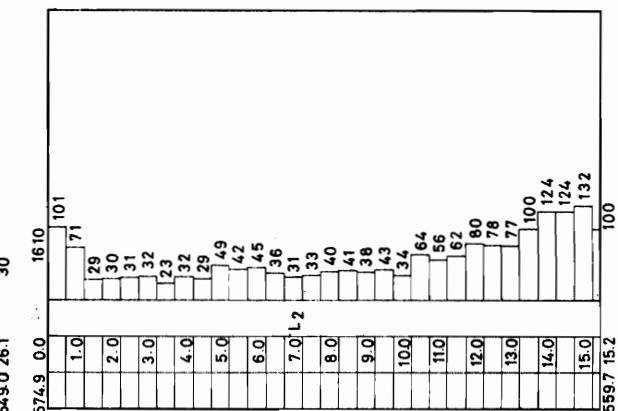
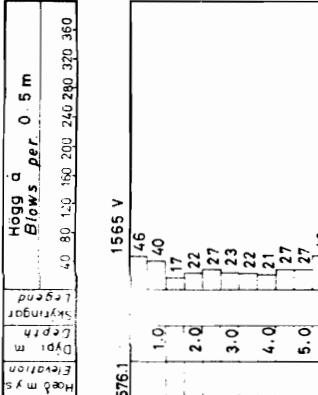
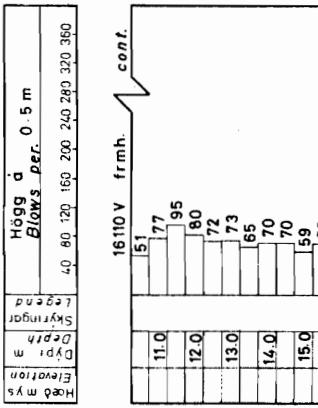
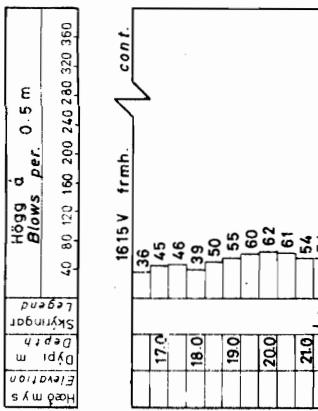
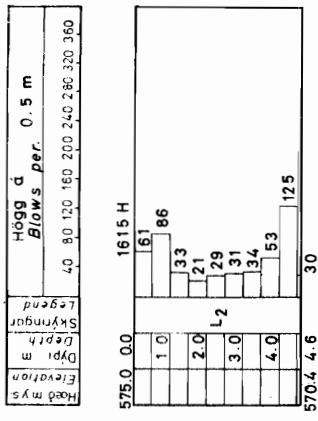
Högg d Blows per.	
40	80
45	90
50	100
55	110
60	120
65	130
70	140
75	150
80	160
85	170
90	180
95	190
100	200
105	210
110	220
115	230
120	240
125	250
130	260
135	270
140	280
145	290
150	300
155	310
160	320
165	330
170	340



Ath: Klaki var ennþá í jörðu þegar höggurðar voru gerðar, svo að höggaföldi í efsta 1-1,5 m er allt of hárr. NB: The surface was still frozen when the borro soundings were done, so the number of blows in the uppermost 1-1,5 m is far too high.

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Thoroddsen and Partners  
ORKUSTOFNUN  
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Borro borholur nr. 12120V-13610V  
B-3325 T-232 Fnr. 9602





**N.B.** The surface was still frozen when the borro sounds were done. so the number of blows in the uppermost 1-1.5 m is far too high.

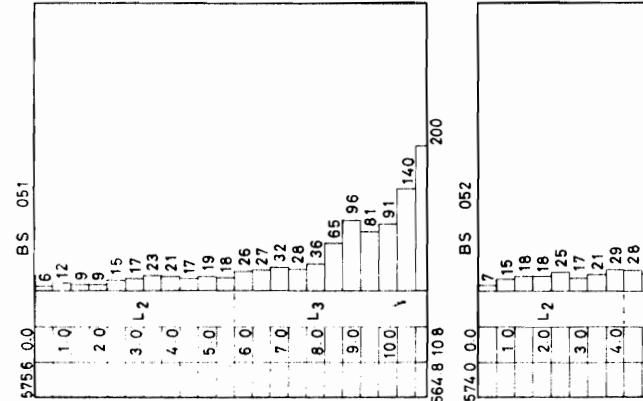
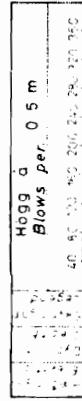
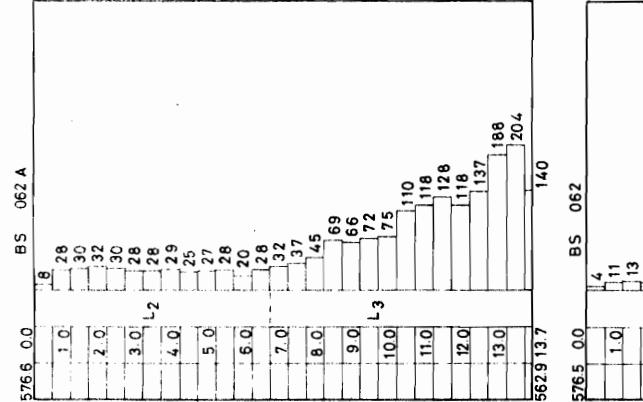
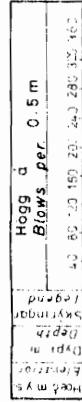
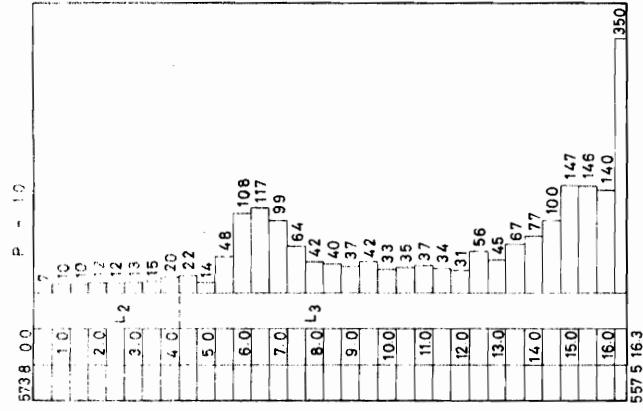
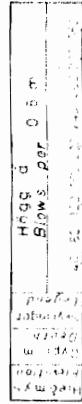
Stadssetning sjá  
*Location see* Exh. I3

Skyringar, sjá blað 14  
Legend, see Exh. 14

N.B:

A. 4. 1.

LANDSÍRKJUN	PÓRISVATN VATNSFELL, PÓRISVATNSMIÐULN
<i>The National Power Company</i>	Bærró borðholur nr. 1565 V - 1615 H
VERKFREÐISTOFA SÍS THORODDSEN S/F	<i>Barro sounding</i>
<i>Thorodden and Partners</i>	25.9.70 847SF/MH Tr. 234
ORKUSTOFNUΝ	B - 332
	Fnr. 9604



Skýringar, sjá blad 14  
Legend, see Exh. 14

Staðsetning sjá  
Location see

Exh. 13

LANDSVÍRKJUN  
The National Power Company  
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Thorodðsen and Partners

ORKUSTOFNUN

BÖRISVATN VATNSFELL, BÖRISVATNSMIÐUN  
Borð Boðnolur M. BS OS-062 and P-10  
Borð Sounding

Fnr. 9605  
25/9/70 Ba/SFMH Tr. 235  
B - 332